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54 Process for production of vinyl chloride polymer.

57 This process is a process for production of a vinyl chloride polymer by suspension polymerization or emulsion polymerization of vinyl chloride monomer or a mixture of vinyl chloride monomer with a vinyl monomer copolymerizable with said vinyl chloride monomer in an aqueous medium, characterized in that the polymerization is carried out in a polymerizer, the inner wall surface and portions of the auxiliary equipment thereof which may come into contact with the monomer during polymerization being previously coated with a scaling preventive comprising at least one selected from dyes, pigments and aromatic or heterocyclic compounds having at least 5 conjugated π bonds, while controlling the chloride ion concentration in the reaction mixture to not higher than 100 ppm. According to said process, scaling onto the inner wall surface of a polymerizer, etc. during polymerization can be prevented effectively and surely.

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PROCESS FOR PRODUCTION OF VINYL CHLORIDE POLYMER

This invention relates to a process for producing a vinyl chloride polymer, particularly to improvement of scaling prevention on the inner wall surface of a polymerizer and so on in the course of polymerization of vinyl chloride, etc.

In processes for suspension polymerization or emulsion polymerization of vinyl chloride monomer or a mixture of vinyl chloride monomer and other vinyl monomers in the presence of a polymerization catalyst, there is involved the problem that polymer scales stick to the inner wall surface of the polymerizer or the portions of the auxiliary equipment of the polymerizer which may come into contact with the monomer, such as stirrer, during polymerization. Scales sticking to the inner wall of the polymerizer, etc. will result in a lower polymer yield and cooling capacity of the polymerizer, and may also cause so called fish eyes formed by the adhering scales peeling off the inner wall of the polymerizer and mixing in with the product, thereby lowering the quality of the product. Further, the removal of the adhering scales requires enormous amount

of labor and time; in addition, unreacted monomers (vinyl chloride, etc.) are absorbed into the scales which may involve disadvantageously the danger of bringing about hazards to the human body.

- 5 As the method for preventing scaling of polymer, it is known in the art to apply a coating of a chemical reagent (hereinafter referred to as "scaling preventive") on the inner wall surface of the polymerizer; various such scale preventives have been proposed. Among the various
10 known methods, there is known a particularly good method in which a dye and/or a pigment is used as the scaling preventive (Japanese Patent Publication No. 30835/1970). However, this method is not always effective and sure in preventing scaling, and thus is not always
15 satisfactory.

Accordingly, an object of the present invention is to provide a process for production of a vinyl chloride polymer which can surely prevent scaling in the course of polymerization of vinyl chloride monomer or a mixture
20 of vinyl chloride monomer with other vinyl monomers.

The present inventors in attempting to improve on the method disclosed in Japanese Patent Publication No. 30835/1970 have consequently found that scaling can be prevented effectively and surely by use of a dye, a
25 pigment or a specific compound having at least 5 conjugated π bonds, and also by controlling the chloride ions (Cl^-) in the reaction mixture during polymerization.

According to the present invention, there is provided a process for production of a vinyl chloride polymer
30 by suspension polymerization or emulsion polymerization of vinyl chloride monomer or a mixture of vinyl chloride monomer with a vinyl monomer copolymerizable with said

vinyl chloride monomer in an aqueous medium, characterized in that the polymerization is carried out in a polymerizer, the inner wall surface and portions of the auxiliary equipment thereof which may come into contact
5 with the monomer during polymerization being previously coated with a scaling preventive comprising at least one selected from dyes, pigments and aromatic or heterocyclic compounds having at least 5 conjugated π bonds, while controlling the chloride ion concentration
10 in the reaction mixture to not higher than 100 ppm.

According to the process of the present invention, the scaling preventing action possessed by the above scaling preventive can be induced surely and potently, whereby scaling can effectively be prevented. Accordingly, no
15 labor or time is required for scale removal, enabling continuous use of the polymerizer and improved running efficiency. Also, the cooling capacity of the polymerizer can be maintained constantly, without any fear of entrainment of the scales into the product,
20 whereby the quality of the product polymer can be improved.

Generally, the chloride ion concentration in the reaction mixture during polymerization of vinyl chloride monomer or a vinyl monomer mixture containing vinyl chloride
25 monomer will increase abruptly at the initial stage of polymerization, thereafter tending to be increased slightly or remain at the same level until completion of polymerization. The concentration of the chloride ions may be considered to be influenced by various
30 factors such as the contents of methyl chloride and hydrochloric acid contained in the vinyl monomer used as the starting material, the temperature of the water used in charging, the degree of vacuum after charging, etc. The present inventors have found that the scaling

preventing action possessed by dyes, pigments and said compounds having at least 5 conjugated π bonds can be surely induced by controlling said chloride ion concentration in the reaction mixture throughout the polymerization procedure to 100 ppm or less, and preferably to 50 ppm or less, to accomplish the present invention as mentioned above. If the chloride ion concentration in the reaction mixture during polymerization exceeds 100 ppm, even if the aforesaid scaling preventive may be applied on the inner wall surface of the polymerizer, etc., its effect as the scale preventive cannot fully be exhibited, whereby scaling cannot effectively be prevented.

According to the present invention, one or more compounds selected from dyes, pigments and aromatic or heterocyclic compounds having at least 5 conjugated π bonds (hereinafter referred to simply as "conjugated π bond compounds") may be used singly or in combination. However, it is preferable to use a dye or pigment, and more preferably an azine dye.

The dyes and pigments which can be used as the scaling preventive in the process of the present invention may be exemplified by:

- azo dyes such as monoazo and polyazo dyes and pigments, metal complex azo dyes and pigments, stilbene azo pigments, thiazole azo dyes and the like;
- anthraquinone dyes and pigments such as anthraquinone derivatives, anthrone derivatives and the like;
- indigoid dyes and pigments such as indigo derivatives, thioindigo derivatives and the like;
- phthalocyanine dyes and pigments;
- carbonium dyes and pigments such as diphenylmethane dyes, triphenylmethane dyes and pigments, xanthene dyes,

macridine, dyes and the like;

quinoneimine dyes such as azine dyes, oxazine dyes, thiazine dyes and the like;

methine dyes such as polymethine or cyanine dyes
5 and the like;

quinoline dyes;

nitro dyes;

benzoquinone and naphthoquinone dyes;

naphthalimide dyes and pigments;

10 perinone dyes;

sulfide dyes;

fluorescent dyes;

azoic dyes; and

reactive dyes.

15 These can be used either singly or in any desired combination of two or more compounds. Of these dyes and pigments as exemplified above, particularly preferred are azine dyes, as mentioned above. More specifically, typical examples of these dyes and pigments are
20 enumerated below.

Azo dyes and pigments include the following compounds.

Exemplary monoazo and polyazo dyes are Basic Yellow 32, 34 and 36; Basic Orange 2, 32, 33 and 34; Basic Red 17, 18, 22, 23, 24, 32, 34, 38, 39 and 40; Basic Violet 26
25 and 28; Basic Blue 58, 59, 64, 65, 66, 67 and 68; Basic Brown 1, 4, 11 and 12; Basic Black 8; Azoic Diazo Component 4, 21, 27 and 38; Disperse Yellow 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 23, 50, 60, 64, 66, 71, 72, 76, 78 and 79; Disperse Orange 1, 3, 5, 13, 20, 21, 30, 32, 41, 43, 45, 46, 49,
30 50 and 51; Disperse Red 1, 5, 7, 12, 13, 17, 43, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 80, 82, 84, 88, 90, 97, 99, 101, 103, 113, 117, 122, 125, 126, 128 and 129; Disperse Violet 10, 24, 33, 38, 41, 43 and 96; Disperse

Blue 85, 92, 94 and 106; Disperse Brown 3 and 5; Disperse
 Black 1, 2, 10, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31; Solvent Yellow
 2, 6, 14, 15, 16, 19, 21 and 56; Solvent Orange 1, 2,
 5, 6, 14 and 45; Solvent Red 1, 3, 23, 24, 25, 27 and
 5 30; Solvent Brown 3, 5 and 20; Solvent Black 3; Pigment
 Yellow 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16,
 17, 23, 65, 73 and 83; Pigment Orange 1, 2, 5, 13, 14,
 15, 16, 17, 24 and 31; Pigment Red 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,
 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21,
 10 22, 23, 30, 31, 32, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 48, 49, 50, 51,
 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 60, 63, 64, 68, 112, 114 and
 163; Pigment Blue 25; Pigment Green 10; Pigment Brown
 1 and 2; Pigment Black 1; Direct Yellow 1, 8, 11, 12,
 24, 26, 27, 28, 33, 44, 50, 58, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 98,
 15 100 and 110; Direct Orange 1, 6, 8, 10, 26, 29, 39, 41,
 49, 51, 57, 102 and 107; Direct Red 1, 2, 4, 13, 17,
 20, 23, 24, 28, 31, 33, 37, 39, 44, 46, 62, 63, 75, 79,
 80, 81, 83, 84, 89, 95, 99, 113, 197, 201, 218, 220,
 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230 and 231; Direct Violet
 20 1, 7, 9, 12, 22, 35, 51, 63, 90, 94 and 98; Direct Blue
 1, 2, 6, 8, 15, 22, 25, 71, 76, 77, 78, 80, 120, 123,
 158, 160, 163, 165, 168, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 203,
 207, 225, 236, 237, 246, 248 and 249; Direct Green 1,
 6, 8, 28, 30, 31, 33, 37, 59, 63, 64 and 74; Direct Brown
 25 1A, 2, 6, 25, 27, 44, 58, 59, 101, 106, 173, 194, 195,
 209, 210 and 211; Direct Black 17, 19, 22, 32, 38, 51,
 56, 71, 74, 75, 77, 94, 105, 106, 107, 108, 112, 113,
 117, 118, 132, 133 and 146; Acid Yellow 11, 17, 19, 23,
 25, 29, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 49, 61, 70, 72, 75, 76, 78,
 30 79, 110, 127, 131, 135, 141, 142, 164 and 165; Acid
 Orange 1, 7, 8, 10, 19, 20, 24, 28, 33, 41, 43, 45, 51,
 56, 63, 64, 65, 67 and 95; Acid Red 1, 6, 8, 9, 13, 14,
 18, 26, 27, 32, 35, 37, 42, 57, 75, 77, 85, 88, 89, 97,
 106, 111, 114, 115, 117, 118, 119, 129, 130, 131, 133,
 35 134, 138, 143, 145, 154, 155, 158, 168, 249, 252, 254,
 257, 262, 265, 266, 274, 276, 282, 283 and 303; Acid

Violet 7, 11, 97 and 106; Acid Blue 29, 60, 92, 113, 117 and 120; Acid Green 19, 20 and 48; Acid Brown 2, 4, 13, 14, 20, 53, 92, 100, 101, 236, 247, 266, 268, 276, 277, 282, 289, 301 and 302; Acid Black 1, 7, 24, 5 26, 29, 31, 44, 76, 77, 94, 109 and 110; Mordant Yellow 1, 3, 5, 23, 26, 30, 38 and 59; Mordant Orange 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 29 and 37; Mordant Red 7, 9, 17, 19, 21, 26, 30, 63 and 89; Mordant Violet 5 and 44; Mordant Blue 7, 13, 44, 75 and 76; Mordant Green 11, 15, 17 and 47; 10 Mordant Brown 1, 14, 15, 19, 21, 33, 38, 40, 52 and 87; Mordant Black 1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 17, 26, 32, 38, 43, 44, 51, 54, 65, 75, 77, 84, 85, 86 and 87; Food Yellow 3 and 4; Food Red 7 and 9;

exemplary metal complex azo dyes are Solvent Yellow 15 61 and 80; Solvent Orange 37, 40 and 44; Solvent Red 8, 21, 83, 84, 100, 109 and 121; Solvent Brown 37; Solvent Black 23; Acid Black 51, 52, 58, 60, 62, 63, 64, 67, 72, 107, 108, 112, 115, 118, 119, 121, 122, 123, 131, 132, 139, 140, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159 and 191; 20 Acid Yellow 59, 98, 99, 111, 112, 114, 116, 118, 119, 128, 161, 162 and 163; Acid Orange 74, 80, 82, 85, 86, 87, 88, 122, 123 and 124; Acid Red 180, 183, 184, 186, 194, 198, 199, 209, 211, 215, 216, 217, 219, 256, 317, 318, 320, 321 and 322; Acid Violet 75 and 78; Acid Blue 25 151, 154, 158, 161, 166, 167, 168, 170, 171, 175, 184, 187, 192, 199, 229, 234 and 236; Acid Green 7, 12, 35, 43, 56, 57, 60, 61, 65, 73, 75, 76, 78 and 79; Acid Brown 19, 28, 30, 31, 39, 44, 45, 46, 48, 224, 225, 226, 231, 256, 257, 294, 295, 296, 297, 299 and 300; Direct Yellow 30 39; Direct Violet 47 and 48; Direct Blue 90, 98, 200, 201, 202 and 226; Direct Brown 95, 100, 112 and 170; an exemplary stilbene azo dye is Direct Black 62 and

exemplary thiazole azo dyes are Direct Red 9 and 11.

Anthraquinone dyes and pigments include the following compounds.

Exemplary anthraquinone derivatives are Basic Violet 25; Basic Blue 21, 22, 44, 45, 47, 54 and 60; Azoic Diazo
 5 Component 36; Vat Yellow 2, 3, 10, 20, 22 and 33; Vat Orange 13 and 15; Vat Red 10, 13, 16, 31, 35 and 52; Vat Violet 13 and 21; Vat Blue 4, 6, 8, 12, 14, 64, 66, 67 and 72; Vat Green 8, 13, 43, 44 and 45; Vat Brown 1, 3, 22, 25, 39, 41, 44, 46, 57, 68, 72 and 73; Vat
 10 Black 8, 14, 20, 25, 27, 36, 56, 59 and 60; Disperse Orange 11; Disperse Red 4, 9, 11, 15, 53, 55, 65, 91, 92, 100, 104, 116 and 127; Disperse Violet 1, 4, 8, 23, 26, 28, 30 and 37; Disperse Blue 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 20, 26, 27, 54, 55, 56, 60, 61, 62, 64, 72, 73, 75, 79, 81, 87,
 15 90, 91, 97, 98, 99, 103, 104 and 105; Disperse Yellow 51; Solvent Violet 13 and 14; Solvent Blue 11, 12, 35 and 36; Solvent Green 3; Pigment Red 83 and 89; Pigment Blue 22; Acid Violet 31, 34, 35, 41, 43, 47, 48, 51, 54, 66 and 68; Acid Blue 23, 25, 27, 40, 41, 43, 45,
 20 54, 62, 72, 78, 80, 82, 112, 126, 127, 129, 130, 131, 138, 140, 142, 143, 182, 183, 203, 204 and 205; Acid Green 25, 27, 28, 36, 40, 41 and 44; Acid Brown 27; Acid Black 48 and 50; Mordant Red 3 and 11; Mordant Blue 8 and 48; Mordant Black 13; Pigment Violet 5;
 25 exemplary anthrone derivatives are Vat Yellow 1 and 4; Vat Orange 1, 2, 3, 4 and 9; Vat Violet 1, 9 and 10; Vat Blue 18, 19 and 20; Vat Green 1, 2, 3 and 9; Vat Black 9, 13, 29 and 57; Vat Red 13; Acid Red 80, 82 and 83.

30 Indigoid dyes and pigments include the following compounds.

Exemplary indigo derivatives are Vat Blue 1, 3, 5, 35 and 41; Reduced Vat Blue 1; Pigment Violet 19 and 122;

Acid Blue 74 and 102; Solubilized Vat Blue 5 and 41;
Solubilized Vat Black 1; Food Blue 1;

exemplary thioindigo derivatives are Vat Orange
5; Vat Red 1, 2 and 61; Vat Violet 2 and 3; Pigment Red
5 87 and 88; Vat Brown 3.

Phthalocyanine dyes and pigments may include, for
example, Solvent Blue 55; Pigment Blue 15, 16 and 17;
Pigment Green 36, 37 and 38; Direct Blue 86 and 199;
Mordant Blue 58.

10 Carbonium dyes and pigments include the following
compounds.

An exemplary diphenylmethane dye is Basic Yellow 2;
exemplary triphenylmethane dyes are Basic Red 9;
Basic Violet 1, 3 and 14; Basic Blue 1, 5, 7, 19, 26,
15 28, 29, 40 and 41; Basic Green 1 and 4; Solvent Violet
8; Solvent Blue 2 and 73; Pigment Violet 3; Pigment Blue
1, 2 and 3; Pigment Green 1, 2 and 7; Direct Blue 41;
Acid Violet 15 and 49; Acid Blue 1, 7, 9, 15, 22, 83,
90, 93, 100, 103 and 104; Acid Green 3, 9 and 16; Mordant
20 Violet 1; Mordant Blue 1, 29 and 47; Food Violet 2; Food
Blue 2; Food Green 2;

exemplary xanthene dyes are Basic Red 1; Solvent
Red 49; Pigment Red 81 and 90; Pigment Violet 1, 2 and
23; Acid Red 51, 52, 87, 92 and 94; Mordant Red 15 and
25 27; Food Red 14;

exemplary acridine dyes are Basic Orange 14 and 15.

Quinoimine dyes include the following compounds.

Exemplary azine dyes are Basic Red 2; Basic Black 2;
Solvent Black 5 and 7; Acid Blue 59; Acid Black 2;
30 exemplary oxiazine dyes are Basic Blue 3; Direct
Blue 106 and 108;

exemplary thiazine dyes are Basic Yellow 1; Basic Blue 9, 24 and 25.

Methine dyes include the following compounds.

Exemplary polymethine (or cyanine) dyes are Basic Yellow
5 11, 13, 14, 19, 21, 25, 28, 33 and 35; Basic Orange 21
and 22; Basic Red 12, 13, 14, 15, 27, 29, 35, 36 and
37; Basic Violet 7, 15, 21 and 27.

Quinoline dyes may be exemplified by Basic Green 6;
Disperse Yellow 54 and 56; Solvent Yellow 33; Acid
10 Yellow 3.

Nitro dyes may be exemplified by Disperse Yellow 1, 33,
39, 42, 49 and 54; Acid Yellow 1.

Benzoquinone and naphthoquinone dyes may be exemplified
by Disperse Blue 58 and 108; Acid Brown 103, 104, 106,
15 160, 161, 165 and 188.

Naphthalimide dyes and pigments may be exemplified by
Pigment Red 123; Vat Violet 23 and 39; Acid Yellow 7.

Perinone dyes may be exemplified by Vat Orange 7 and 15.

Sulfide dyes may include, for example, Solubilized Sulfur
20 Yellow 2; Sulfur Yellow 4; Sulfur Orange 3, Sulfur Red
2, 3, 5 and 7; Solubilized Sulfur Blue 15; Sulfur Blue
2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 13; Sulfur Green 2, 3, 6, 14 and
27; Solubilized Sulfur Brown 1 and 51; Sulfur Brown 7,
12, 15 and 31; Sulfur Black 1, 2, 5, 6, 10, 11 and 15;
25 Vat Yellow 35, 42 and 43; Vat Blue 43 and 56.

Fluorescent dyes may include, for example, fluorescent
brightening agents 14, 22, 24, 30, 32, 37, 45, 52, 54,

55, 56, 84, 85, 86, 87, 90, 91, 104, 112, 121, 134, 135, 153, 162, 163, 164, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176 and 177.

Azoic dyes may include, for example, Azoic Diazo
5 Component 17, 20, 22, 24, 26, 31, 35, 41, 47, 48, 109
and 121; Azoic Coupling Component 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10,
11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 26, 28, 29, 35,
36, 37, 41 and 108; Azoic Brown 2, 7, 11 and 15; Azoic
Black 1 and 5; Azoic Yellow 1 and 2; Azoic Orange 2,
10 3 and 7; Azoic Red 1, 2, 6, 9, 16 and 24; Azoic Violet
1, 2, 6, 7, 9 and 10; Azoic Green 1.

Reactive dyes may include, for example, Reactive Yellow
1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 22,
23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 37 and 42; Reactive Orange 1, 2,
15 4, 5, 7, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 23 and 24; Reactive
Red 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 19,
20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37,
38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 49, 50, 58, 59, 63 and
64; Reactive Violet 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 9 and 10; Reactive
20 Blue 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19,
20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39,
40, 41, 43, 44 and 46; Reactive Green 5, 6, 7 and 8;
Reactive Brown 1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14 and 16;
Reactive Black 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14
25 and 18.

Further, pigments may be exemplified by inorganic
pigments such as Chrome Yellow, Zinc Yellow, ZTO type
zinc chromate, red lead, iron oxide powder, zinc white,
aluminum powder and zinc powder.

30 The "conjugated π bond" possessed by the conjugated π
bond compound which may be used as the scaling preventive
in the process of the present invention herein means

two or more double bonds and/or triple bonds in conjugated relationship. And, the aromatic compounds having at least 5 conjugated π bonds which may be used in the present invention may include benzene derivatives,
5 naphthalene derivatives, polynuclear aromatic compounds, quinones, non-benzene type aromatic compounds, etc., having at least five conjugated π bonds. On the other hand, the heterocyclic compounds having at least 5 π bonds may include, for example, oxygen-containing
10 heterocyclic compounds, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic compounds, sulfur-containing heterocyclic compounds, bicyclic compounds having a nitrogen atom in common, alkaroids, etc., having at least 5 conjugated π bonds. Specific examples of these compounds are enumerated
15 below.

The aromatic compounds having at least 5 bonds include the following compounds.

First, as benzene derivatives, there may be included:

phenols and derivatives thereof, such as 2,6-
20 ditert-butylphenylphenol, catecholphthalein, 2,2-diphenylolpropane, 3,7-dioxy-10-methylxanthene, phenolphthalein, 7-oxy-2,4-dimethylbenzopyrooxonium chloride, oxyanthraquinone, purpurogallin, Gallein, diphenylether, α -methoxyphenazine, chloroglucide,
25 2,3-dioxyanthraquinone, 5,7-dioxy-4-methylcoumarine, dioxyacridone, salicylic acid, α -hydrindone, β -phenylbutyropheryl, N-2,4-dinitrophenyl-N-phenylhydroxylamine, 1-(4-nitrophenyl)-3,5-dimethylpyrazole, 9,10-diphenylphenanthrene, acetophenone;

30 aromatic amines and derivatives thereof, such as N-phenyl-p-benzoquinonediazamine, quinoline, Safranin B, Rosaniline, Indirubin Spirit Soluble, Aniline Black, Para-Rosaniline, Methyl Violet, Methyl Orange, Methyl Red, Indigo, carbazole, Methylene Blue, o-phenanthroline,

- p-phenanthroline, 3,6-diaminoacridine, Indanthrene
 Scarlet 2G, 4-aminodiphenylamine, Acridine Yellow,
 3-aminophenothiazine, N'-diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine,
 Rhodamine, 7-amino-4-methylcoumarine, 2-aminophenazine,
 5 phenothiazine, diphenylamine, N-methylphenylamine,
 N-phenyltolylamine, ditolylamine, 2-oxy-4-methyl-
 quinoline, Hansa Yellow G, N,N'-diphenylformamidine,
 phenanthrophenazine, Bismarck Brown G, 2,3-diamino-
 phenazine, 2-aminodiphenylamine, Chrysodine R, 2,3,7,8-'
 10 tetraaminophenazine, aminophenoxazone, oxyphenoxazone,
 Triphenylenedioxadine, 2,4-dinitrophenoxazine, 2',4'-
 dinitro-4-oxy-3-aminophenylamine;
 nitro and nitroso derivatives, such as p-nitroso-
 diphenylhydroxylamine, phenazine, phenazine oxide,
 15 1-phenylazo-2-naphthol, Triphenylendioxadine,
 4-nitroxanthone, 4'-nitroso-2-nitrodiphenylamine;
 phenylhydroxylamine derivatives, such as 4,4'-
 dinitrodiphenylamine, oxalic acid bis(β -phenylhydrazine),
 malonic acid bis(β -phenylhydrazine), succinic acid bis(β -
 20 phenylhydrazine), phthalic acid bis(β -phenylhydrazine);
 aromatic halides, such as biphenyl chloride;
 aromatic aldehydes, such as 2-phenyl-1-benzyl-benz-
 imidazole, Leucomalachite Green, Malachite Green,
 tetrachlorohydroquinone monobenzoate, benzoflavin,
 25 2-phenylbenzthiazole, 4-benzhydrylbenzaldehyde,
 bisphenylhydrazone, bis(4-nitrophenylhydrazone);
 aromatic ketones such as triphenylisooxazole,
 benzophenone potassium, 4-methylbenzophenone, p-toluy
 acid anilide, benzoic acid toluidide, duryl phenyl
 30 ketone, 2,4,2',4'-tetramethylbenzophenone, calchonphenyl-
 hydrazone, 1,3,5-triphenylpyrazoline, dinitrobenzyl;
 benzoic acids, phthalic acids and derivatives
 thereof, such as quinizaline, nitrodiphenylether;
 benzene derivatives having further one substituent
 35 other than aldehyde group, such as disalicylaldehyde,
 coumarine, 2-benzoylcoumarone, 1-oxy-2,4-dimethyl-

fluorone, 3-phenylcoumarone, ethyl coumarine-3-carboxylate, 3-acetylcoumarine, hydrovaniloin, 4-oxy-3-methoxy- ω -nitrostyrene, α -(nitrophenyl)- β -benzoyl-ethyleneoxide, dinitrophenylindazole, 5-chloro-3-(4-oxyphenyl)anthranyl, 3-nitroacridone, 6-nitro-3-phenylanthranyl, 2,8-dimethyl-1,9-anthrazoline, carbostyryl, 1,3-dioxyacridine, oxyquinacine, Phlorchinyll, 2-methylquinazoline, 3-acetyl-2-methylquinoline, 2-oxy-3-phenylquinoline, 3-nitroquinoline, quinoline-2,3-dicarboxylic acid ester;

benzene derivatives having further one substituent other than acyl group, such as 7-oxyflavanone, 7-oxyflavone, 7,8-dioxyflavone, 7-acetoxy-4-methyl-3-phenylcoumarine, 7,8-diacetoxy-4-methyl-3-phenylcoumarine, o-oxybenzophenone, xanthone, 2-phenylbenzoxazole, m-oxybenzophenone, p-oxybenzophenone, 2-benzoylxanthone, 2,4-dioxybenzophenone, 2,5-dioxybenzophenone, 2,2'-dioxybenzophenone, xanthene, aurin, trioxybenzophenone, 6,7-dimethoxy-3-phenylcoumarone, o-nitrobenzophenone, m-nitrobenzophenone, 4,4'-dibenzoyl-azoxybenzene, 2-(2-aminophenyl)-4-methylquinone, 2-oxy-4-methylquinone, acridone, 2,4-dimethylquinazoline, 3-cyan-2-oxy-4-methylquinoline, fluorene, anhydro(2-amino-benzophenone) dimer, 2-oxy-3-phenylindazole, 3-phenylindazole, 2-phenylbenzimidazole, 2-methyl-8-benzoylquinoline, 2-methyl-4-phenylquinoline, 4-phenyl-2-quinazolone, aminobenzophenone, chlorobenzophenone, 4-phenylbenzo-1,2,3-triazine-3-oxide, diaminobenzophenone, 7-methyl-3-phenyl-4,5-benzo-1,2,6-oxydiazine, 4,4'-bisdimethylaminobenzophenone, 4,4'-bisdimethylaminobenzophenoneimide, 2,4-dinitro-9-phenylacridine, 4,4'-dibenzoyldiphenyl;

benzene, toluene derivatives having three or more different substituents, such as tetramethoxyindigo, 5,6,5',6'-bismethylenedioxyindigo, 7-acetoxy-8-methoxy-3-(2-nitrophenyl)carbostyryl, 2,2'-dinitrodiphenyl-

disulfide-4,4'-dialdehyde, 6-chloro-3-benzoylflavone,
1,3,8-trinitrophenoxazine;

aralkyl compounds, such as 9-benzylacridine;

diazo compounds and azo compounds, such as

- 5 azobenzene, azotoluene, 2,2-dimethoxyazobenzene,
4,4'-dichloroazobenzene, 1,1'-azonaphthalene, 2,2'-
dioxyazobenzene, 2,2'-dioxy-5,5'-dimethylazobenzene,
p-bromoazobenzene, p-nitroazobenzene, phenoazoxide;

aromatic unsaturated compounds, such as 2,3,4,5-

- 10 tetraphenylcyclopentane-2-ene-1-one, 1,2,3-triphenylene-
azulene, 2,2'-dimethyldiphenylacetylene, 4,4'-diethyl-
diphenylacetylene, 3,4,3',4'-tetramethyldiphenylacetylene,
2,2'-dichlorodiphenylacetylene, 2,2'-dibromodiphenyl-
acetylene, 2-nitrodiphenylacetylene, 2,2'-dinitrodiphenyl-
15 acetylene, 2,2'-diaminodiphenylacetylene, 2,2'-dimethoxy-di-
phenylacetylene, stilbene, α -methylstilbene, α -ethyl-
stilbene, α,β -dimethylstilbene, α,β -diethylstilbene, α,β -
dichlorostilbene, α,β -dibromostilbene, 2-chlorostilbene,
4,4'-diiodostilbene, α -nitrostilbene, α,β -dinitrostilbene,
20 2,4,6-trinitrostilbene, 2-aminostilbene, 2,2'-diamino-
stilbene, 4,4'-di(dimethylamino)stilbene, 2,2'-dicyan-
stilbene, 2-oxystilbene, 2-methoxystilbene, 2,2'-dioxy-
stilbene, 2,2'-dimethoxystilbene, 4,4'-dialkoxystilbene,
3,5,2',4'-tetraoxystilbene; and

- 25 polyphenyls and derivatives thereof, such as
biphenyl, terphenyl, quaterphenyl, quinophenyl,
sexiphenyl, septiphenyl, octiphenyl, noviphenyl,
deciphenyl, etc.

Next, as naphthalene derivatives, there may be included:

- 30 alkyl, alkenyl and phenylnaphthalenes, such as
1-methylnaphthalene, 2-methylnaphthalene, 1-ethyl-
naphthalene, 2-ethylnaphthalene, 1,2-dimethylnaphthalene,
1,4-dimethylnaphthalene, 1,5-dimethylnaphthalene, 1,6-
dimethylnaphthalene, 1,7-dimethylnaphthalene, 2,3-
35 dimethylnaphthalene, 2,6-dimethylnaphthalene,

- 2,7-dimethylnaphthalene, 1-propylnaphthalene,
1-isopropylnaphthalene, 2-isopropylnaphthalene,
trimethylnaphthalene, diisopropylnaphthalene,
1-vinylnaphthalene, 2-vinylnaphthalene, 1-propenyl-
5 naphthalene, 1-allylnaphthalene, 1-isopropenyl-
naphthalene, 2-isopropenylnaphthalene, 1-phenyl-
naphthalene, 2-phenylnaphthalene, 1,4-diphenyl-
naphthalene, 1,2,4-triphenylnaphthalene;
dinaphthyls, such as 1,1'-dinaphthyl, 1,2'-
10 dinaphthyl, 2,2'-dinaphthyl;
naphthylarylmethanes, such as 1-benzyl-naphthalene,
2-benzyl-naphthalene, 1-(α -chlorobenzyl)naphthalene,
1-(α,α -dichlorobenzyl)naphthalene, diphenyl- α -naphthyl-
methane, diphenyl- β -naphthylmethane, 1,8-dibenzyl-
15 naphthalene, di- α -naphthylmethane, α -naphthyl- β -naphthyl-
methane, di- β -naphthylmethane;
naphthylarylethanes, such as 1-phenethylnaphthalene,
1,2-di- α -naphthylethane, 1,2-di- β -naphthylethane, 1,1- α -
dinaphthylethane;
20 hydronaphthalenes such as 1,2-dihydronaphthalenes,
1,4-dihydronaphthalene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene;
nitronaphthalenes and derivatives thereof, such
as dinaphthylpyridazine, 7,8-benzoquinone, 5,6-benzo-
quinone, naphthazarine, diperimidine, nitromethyl-
25 naphthalene, nitroalkylnaphthalene, nitrophenyl-
naphthalene, halo-nitronaphthalene, halo-dinitro-
naphthalene, nitrosonaphthalene, dinitrotetraline,
dibenzophenazine, methylbenzoindole, 9-chloro-1-aza-
anthracene, quinolinoquinoline, 1,2,3-triazaphenarene,
30 perimidone, perimidine, dibenzoacridine, benzophenazine-
12-oxide, diaminonaphthalene, triaminonaphthalene,
tetraaminonaphthalene, N-ethyl- α -naphthylamine,
N-methylnaphthylamine, N,N-dimethylnaphthylamine,
N-methyl-N-ethylnaphthylamine, N-methyl-N-ethylnaphthyl-
35 amine, trimethylnaphthyl ammonium salt, N-phenylnaphthyl-
amine, N-benzyl-naphthylamine, N-naphthylethylenediamine,

N-naphthylglycine, N- β -cyanomethylnaphthylamine,
 N-acetylnaphthylamine, N-formylnaphthylamine,
 N-benzoylnaphthylamine, N-phthaloylnaphthylamine,
 aminomethylnaphthalene, nitronaphthylamine, dinitro-
 5 naphthylamine, halo-nitronaphthylamine, aminotetraline,
 diaminotetraline;

halogenated naphthalenes, such as 1-fluoro-
 naphthalene, 1-chloronaphthalene, 1-chloro-3,4-dihydro-
 naphthalene, 1-iodonaphthalene, 1-bromonaphthalene,
 10 1-chloro-4-chloromethylnaphthalene, 1-bromo-2-bromo-
 methylnaphthalene, 1,4-difluoronaphthalene, 1,2-
 dichloronaphthalene, 1,6-dichloronaphthalene, 1,7-
 dichloronaphthalene, 1,5-dichloronaphthalene, 1,8-
 dichloronaphthalene, 2,3-dichloronaphthalene, 1,4-
 15 dibromonaphthalene, 1,4-diiodonaphthalene, perylene,
 1,2,3-trichloronaphthalene, 1,2,4-tribromonaphthalene,
 1,2,3,4-tetrachloronaphthalene, 1,4,5-tribromo-3,8-
 dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3,6,7-tetrachloronaphthalene,
 1,3,5,8-tetrabromonaphthalene, 1,2,3,4,5-pentachloro-
 20 naphthalene;

naphthylhydroxylamines, naphthylpyrazines and
 naphthylureas, such as α -naphthylhydroxylamine,
 N'-phenyl-N- α -naphthyl-N-oxyurea, β -naphthylthiohydroxyl-
 amine, N-nitroso- α -naphthylhydroxylamine, Neocupferron,
 25 2-oxy-1,1'-azonaphthalene, α -naphthylhydrazine, 1,2-
 dibenzocarbazole, 4,4-diamino-1,1'-binaphthyl, 3,4-
 benzcarbazole, 2,2'-diamino-1,1'-binaphthyl, N'-acetyl-N-
 β -naphthylhydrazine, N'-lauroyl-N- β -naphthylhydrazine,
 N'-phenyl-N- α -naphthylhydrazine, N'-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-
 30 N- α -naphthylhydrazine, 2- α -naphthyl-5-nitrobenztriazole,
 N,N'-di- α -naphthylhydrazine, 1,1'-diamino-2,2'-binaphthyl,
 N,N'-di-5-tetralylhydrazine, N'-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-N-
 β -naphthylhydrazine, 2- β -naphthyl-5-nitrobenztriazole,
 N'-triphenylmethyl-N- β -naphthylhydrazine, N,N'-di- β -
 35 naphthylhydrazine, N-methyl-N-(2,4-dinitro-1-naphthyl)-
 hydrazine, 2-amino(naphtho-1',2':4,5-thiazole),

- 1,2:5,6-dibenzophenazine, 2-amino-(naphtho-2',1':4,5-thiazole), 2,3-dihydrazinonaphthalene, 2-phenyl-1,3-bisbenzylideneamino(naphtho-2',3':4,5-imidazoline), N-acetyl- α -naphthylnitrosoamine, N-ethyl- α -naphthyl-
- 5 nitrosoamine, N-phenyl- α -naphthylnitrosoamine, α,α' -dinaphthylnitrosoamine, succinic acid bis(β -naphthyl-nitrosoamide), N-ethyl- β -naphthylnitrosoamine, N-phenyl- β -naphthylnitrosoamine, N-acetyl-2-methyl-1-naphthyl-nitrosoamine, 4,5-benzindazole, naphthylnitrosoamine,
- 10 1-nitro-2-naphthylamine, α -naphthylurea, N,N'-di- α -naphthylurea, 4-chloro-1-naphthylcarbamoylechloride, 2,4'-dichloro[naphtho-1',2':4,5-thiazole], 2-mercapto-[naphtho-1',2':4,5-thiazole], 2-chloro[naphtho-1',2':4,5-thiazole], 2-mercapto[naphtho-2',1':4,5-
- 15 thiazole], 2-chloro[naphtho-2',1':4,5-thiazole];
- naphthalene type aralkyl compounds, such as dibenzoanthracene, acenaphthene, α -chloroethyl-naphthalene, phenylnaphthylchloromethane, diphenyl-naphthylchloromethane, nitromethylnaphthalene,
- 20 aminomethylnaphthalene, (naphthylmethyl)amine, α -phenyl(naphthylmethyl)amine, N-benzyl(naphthylmethyl)-amine, trimethyl(naphthylmethyl)ammonium salt, tri(naphthylmethyl)amine, di(naphthylmethyl)amine, (β -naphthylethyl)alcohol, dimethylnaphthylcarbinol,
- 25 phenylnaphthylcarbinol, diphenylnaphthylcarbinol, 9-phenylbenzofluorene, naphthylpropyleneoxide, ethyl(naphthylmethyl)ether, phenyl(naphthylmethyl)ether, naphthylacetaldehyde, naphthylacetone, ω -naphthyl-acetophenone, acenaphthenone, dihydrophenarone,
- 30 phenarone, benzoindanone, naphthylacetoneitrile, 9,9'-dichlorodibenzofluorene, α -nitro- β -naphthylethylene, γ -naphthylallyl alcohol, β -naphthylacrolein, methyl(β -naphthylvinyl)ketone, naphthylphenanthrene dicarboxylic acid anhydride;
- 35 naphthol, naphthalenesulfonic acids, such as 9-oxynaphthenequinone, 2'-naphthalene-2-indoleindigo,

- 1-methoxynaphthalene, 1-ethoxynaphthalene, 1-phenoxy-naphthalene, α -naphtholsalicylic acid ester, β -naphthol, α -naphthol, α -naphtholbenzoic acid ester, α -naphthol-acetic acid ester, phenyl- β -oxynaphthylbenzalimino-
- 5 methane, β -naphtholphenylmethylemine, methylene-di- β -naphthol, dinaphthopyrane, 1'-naphthol-2-indoleindigo, 2-methoxynaphthalene, 2-ethoxynaphthalene, N-p-oxyphenyl-2-naphthylamine base, β -naphtholsalicylic acid ester, 2-methyl-1-naphthol, 1,2-naphthamethylenequinone,
- 10 1,2-dioxynaphthalene, naphthaleneindoleindigo, α,β -naphthophenoxazine, β,γ -naphthophenoxazine, 4-oxy-10-methyl-1',2'-benzocarbazole, dioxynaphth-fluorane, dinaphthoquinone, 2,6-naphthoquinone, oxybenzoacridine, 9-oxy-3-dimethylaminonaphtho-
- 15 phenoxazine, 1,2,4-trioxynaphthalene, 1,4,5,6-tetra-oxynaphthalene, thio- α -naphthol, 4-mercapto-1-naphthol, 1,5-naphthalenedithiol, methyl- α -naphthyl sulfide, 1,1'-naphthyl sulfide, 1,1'-thiodi-2-naphthol, 1,1'-naphthyl disulfide, 1,1'-thiodi-1-naphthol, thio- β -
- 20 naphthol, naphthothioindigo, 1-amino-2-naphthalenethiol, naphthothianthrene, 2-mercapto-1,2-naphthothiazole;
naphthoaldehydes and derivatives thereof, such as α -naphthoaldehyde, 2-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-1-(α -naphthyl)-ethylene, 2-methyl-1-naphthoaldehyde, 2,3-dimethyl-1-
- 25 naphthoaldehyde, 4-bromo-1-naphthoaldehyde, 4-nitro-1-naphthoaldehyde, 2,4-dinitro-1-naphthoaldehyde, 4-amino-1-naphthoaldehyde, 2-oxy-1-naphthoaldehyde, 1-naphthalene-2'-indoleindigo, 1,2-bis(2-oxy-1-naphthyl)-ethylene, 1,2:7,8-dibenzoxanthilium chloride, 2-oxy-1-
- 30 naphthylethenyl pyrylium salt, 5,6-benzocoumarin, bis(2-methyl-3-indolyl)(2-oxy-1-naphthyl)methane, 4,5-benzindoxazene, 2-acetoxy-1-naphthonitrile, 4-methoxy-1-naphthoaldehyde, 1,4-bis(4-methoxy-1-naphthyl)-1,3-butadiene, 2-naphthalene-2'-indoleindigo,
- 35 3-acetyl-6,7-benzocoumarin, 4-chloro-1-oxy-2-naphthoaldehyde, naphthalenedialdehyde, 5-oxy-2-naphthalene-

- indoleindigo, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthoaldehyde, imide
chloride, naphthoamide, naphthoanilide, naphthonitrile,
ethyl β -naphthoimidate, β -naphthamidine, α -naphtho-
amidoxime, α -naphthohydrazide, naphthostyryl,
5 oxynaphthonitrile, 1,2:7,8-dibenzoxanthone, 1,2-
benzoxanthone, 1,1'-binaphthylene-2,8';8,2'-dioxide,
2,3;6,7-dibenzoxanthone, 3-oxy-2-naphthoanilide,
1,3-bis(3-oxy-2-naphthoyloxy)benzene, 2,4-dioxyphenyl-
3-oxy-2-naphthyl ketone, 4-arylaazo-3-oxy-2-naphtho-
10 anilide, 3,4-dihydronaphthalene-1,2-dicarboxylic acid
anhydride, 2-aminonaphthalimide, naphthalohydrazide,
 α -pyridonaphthalone, N-methylnaphthalimide; and
acetonaphthenes, benzoylnaphthenes, such as
1,2:5,6-dibenzanthracene, 2'-methyl-2,1'-dinaphthyl
15 ketone, 2-methyl-1,1'-dinaphthyl ketone, styryl-2-
naphthyl ketone, β -naphthoyl acetone, β -naphthoyl-
acetophenone, 1-(β -naphthyl)-1-chloroethylene, 2-[tris(β -
cyanoethyl)acetyl]naphthalene, 1,3,5-tris(β -naphthyl)-
benzene, dimethyl-2-naphthylcarbinol, 4,5:4',5'-
20 dibenzothioindigo, styryl-1-naphthyl ketone, β -
acetonaphthone, 1-propionylnaphthalene, 1-butyl-
naphthalene, 1-isobutylnaphthalene, 1-stearoyl-
naphthalene, 1-benzoylnaphthalene, 1-o-toluylnaphthalene,
p-biphenyl-1-naphthyl ketone, 1,2,5,6-dibenzanthracene,
25 1-acetyl-3,4-dihydronaphthalene, 1-acetyl-7-bromo-
naphthalene, 1-aminoacetylnaphthalene, 2-amino-
benzoylnaphthalene, 1-acetyl-2-oxynaphthalene,
1-acetyl-2-methoxynaphthalene, 1-acetyl-4-ethoxy-
naphthalene, 2-cinnamoyl-1-naphthol, 7,8-benzochromone,
30 3-acetyl-2-methyl-7,8-benzochromone, 3,4-dimethyl-7,8-
benzocoumarin, 4-methyl-3-phenyl-7,8-benzocoumarin,
1-benzoyl-2-oxynaphthalene, 4-oxybenzanthrone,
4-benzoyl-1-naphthol, 3-oxy-1,2-benzofluorenone,
2-acetyl-4-chloro-1-oxynaphthalene, α -naphthylglyoxal,
35 β -naphthylglyoxal, 1,4-dibenzoylnaphthalene, phenyl-4-
methyl-1-naphthyldiketone, and the like.

Also, as the polynuclear aromatic compounds, there may be included:

- anthracenes and derivatives thereof, such as anthracene, 1,2-dihydroanthracene, 1-chloroanthracene, 1,4-dichloroanthracene, 1,2,7-trichloroanthracene, 1,2,3,4-tetrachloroanthracene, 1-nitroanthracene, 9,10-dinitroanthracene, 1-aminoanthracene, 2-dimethylaminoanthracene, 2-anilinoanthracene, 9-methylaminoanthracene, 1,4-diaminoanthracene, 1-oxyanthracene, 9,10-dihydroanthrol, 10-methylanthranol, 10-phenylanthranol, 10-nitroanthranol, 2-amino-1-anthranol, 1,2-dioxanthracene, 9,10-dioxanthracene diacetate, 1-methylanthracene, 4-chloro-1-methylanthracene, 1,5-dichloro-2-methylanthracene, 9-ethylanthracene, 9-vinylanthracene, 9-propylanthracene, 9-isopropylanthracene, 9-butylanthracene, 9-isobutylanthracene, 9-isoamylanthracene, 1,3-dimethylanthracene, 9,10-diethylanthracene, 1-phenylanthracene, 9-phenylanthracene, 1,5-dichloro-9-phenylanthracene, 10-nitro-9-phenylanthracene, 9-benzylanthracene, 1-benzhydrylanthracene, 9,10-diphenylanthracene, 9,10-dibenzylanthracene, 9,10-diphenyl-9,10-dihydroanthracene, 1-(β -naphthyl)anthracene, 9-(α -naphthyl)-10-phenylanthracene, 9,10-di(α -naphthyl)anthracene, 1,1'-bianthryl, 2,2'-bianthryl, 9,9'-bianthryl, anthracene-9-aldehyde, 1-acetylanthracene, 9-benzoylanthracene, 10-nitroanthraphenone, 9,10-dibenzoylanthracene, anthrone, 9-mercaptoanthracene, 9,10-disodium-9,10-dihydroanthracene, 10-bromo-9-anthrylmagnesium bromide, Anthryl-mercury chloride;

- phenanthrenes and derivatives thereof, such as phenanthrene, 9,10-dihydrophenanthrene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydrophenanthrene, 1-chlorophenanthrene, phenanthrene-9,10-dichloride, 1-bromophenanthrene, 1-iodophenanthrene, 9-(chloromethyl)phenanthrene, 1-(bromomethyl)phenanthrene, 4,5-bis(bromomethyl)-

phenanthrene, 1-nitrophenanthrene, 10-bromo-9-nitro-phenanthrene, 1-aminophenanthrene, 9,10-diamino-phenanthrene, 9,9'-azoxyphenanthrene, 9,9'-azo-phenanthrene, 1-oxyphenanthrene, cholesterol, estrone,
 5 androsterone, 10-bromo-9-phenanthrol, 9-nitro-3-phenanthrol, 4-amino-1-phenanthrol, 10-benzoazo-9-phenanthrol, 1,2-dioxyphenanthrene, retene-3,8-diol, 2,3,5,6-tetraoxyphenanthrene, 1-methylphenanthrene, 1-ethylphenanthrene, 1-vinylphenanthrene, 1,2-dimethyl-
 10 phenanthrene, 9,10-diethylphenanthrene, 9,10-dipropylphenanthrene, 2-ethyl-1-methylphenanthrene, 7-isopropyl-1-methylphenanthrene, 9,10-dihydroretene, aminoretene, 3-acetoaminoretene, 6-acylaminoretene, 9-phenylphenanthrene, 9-benzylphenanthrene, 1-(α -naphthyl)-
 15 phenanthrene, 1,1'-biphenanthryl, 9,9'-biphenanthryl, 1-phenanthraldehyde, 2-phenanthraldehyde, 9-phenanthraldehyde, 1-acetylphenanthrene, 2-propionylphenanthrene, 3-acetylretene, 1-benzoylphenanthrene;

phenanthrenequinones, such as phenanthrene-1,2-
 20 quinone, phenanthrene-1,4-quinone, phenanthrene-3,4-quinone, phenanthrene-9,10-quinone, 2-phenyl-3-acetoxy-4,5-biphenylfuran, 7-isopropyl-1-methylphenanthrenequinone, 1-chlorophenanthrenequinone, 2-bromophenanthrenequinone, 2-iodophenanthrenequinone,
 25 2,7-dibromophenanthrenequinone, 2-nitrophenanthrenequinone, 2,5-dinitrophenanthrenequinone, 2-amino-phenanthrenequinone, 2,7-diaminophenanthrenequinone, 3,6-diaminophenanthrenequinone, 2,5-diaminophenanthrenequinone, 2-oxyphenanthrene-1,4-quinone, 3-oxy-
 30 phenanthrenequinone, 2-oxyretenequinone, 3-oxyretenequinone, 6-oxyretenequinone, 2-oxy-3,4-dinitrophenanthrenequinone, 2-amino-3-oxyphenanthrenequinone;
 and

polynuclear aromatic compounds and derivatives
 35 thereof, such as pentacene, hexacene, benzophenanthrene, benzo[a]anthracene, naphtho[2,1,a]pyrene, dibenzo[a,j]-

- anthracene, pyrene, coronene, 1,12-benzopyrene, ovalene, dibenzoanthracene, naphthacene, Terramycin, Aureomycin, rubrene, o-toluoyl-1-naphthalene, benzoanthraquinone, 5,6-dioxy-5,6-dihydrobenzoanthracene, chrysene,
- 5 triphenylene, dibenzonaphthacene, hexahydropyrene, perylene, 3,9-dichloroperylene, tetrachloroperylene, 3,9-dibromoperylene, 3,10-dinitroperylene, 4,6-dibenzoyl-1,3-dimethylbenzene, 6,13-dihydropentacene, naphtho[2,3-a]-anthracene, dispirane, dibenzo[a,h]anthracene, picene,
- 10 picyleneketone, picene-5,6-quinone, dibenzo[c,g]-phenanthrene, benzo[a]pyrene, benzo[a]pyrene-1,6-quinone, mesobenzoanthrone pericarboxylic acid anhydride, anthraceno[2,1-a]anthracene, dibenzo[a,1]naphthacene, phenanthrene[2,3-a]anthracene, naphtho[2,3-a]pyrene,
- 15 dibenzo[a,h]pyrene, dibenzo[a,1]pyrene, zethrene, anthanthrene, benzo[1,12]perylene, heptacene, tetrabenzo[a,c,h,j]anthracene, tribenzo[a,i,1]pyrene, tetrahydrodimethyldinaphthyl, mesonaphthodanthrene, mesoanthrodianthrene, 2,3;8,9-dibenzocoronene,
- 20 pyranthrene, and the like.

As quinones and derivatives thereof, there may be included:

- benzoquinones and derivatives thereof, such as dibenzoquinoyl disulfide, 2,5-bis(phenylthio)-p-
- 25 benzoquinone, bibenzoquinone, bitoluquinone, phoenicin, Oosporein, indophenol, indoaniline, Hydron Blue, indamine, Meldola's Blue, Wurster's Blue, Wurster's Red, 4,4'-diphenoquinone, 4,4'-stilbenequinone, 3,5,3',5'-tetramethyl-4,4'-diphenoquinone, 3,5,3',5'-tetra-tert-
- 30 butyl-4,4'-diphenoquinone, 3,5,3',5'-tetramethyl-4,4'-stilbenequinone, 3,5,3',5'-tetra-tert-butyl-4,4'-stilbenequinone;

- naphthoquinones and derivatives thereof, such as 1,2-naphthoquinone, 3-oxy-2,2'-binaphthyl-1,4;3',4'-
- 35 diquinone, 5,6-benzoquinoxaline, 1,2-benzophenazine,

- 2-benzoozo-1-naphthol, 4-(2,4-dioxyphenyl)-1,2-
dioxynaphthalene, 4-(3,4,5-trioxyphenyl)-1,2-dioxy-
naphthalene, 1,2-naphthoquinone-1-phenylimide,
1,2-benzophenoxazine, 1,2-naphthoquinone-2-chloroimide,
5 1,2-naphthoquinone-bis-chloroimide, 2-anilino-1,4-
naphthoquinone-4-anil, 2-oxy-1,4-naphthoquinone-4-anil,
1,2-naphthoquinone-1-oxime benzoate, 1,2-naphthoquinone-
1-oxime methyl ether, 1-nitroso-2-naphthol, 2-nitroso-
1-naphthol, naphtho[1',2':3,4]furazane, 1,2-naphtho-
10 quinone-2-oxime benzoate, 1,2-naphthoquinone-2-oxime
methyl ether, 3-anilino-1,2;8,9-dibenzophenazine,
Naphthyl Blue, Naphthyl Violet, 1,2;5,6-dibenzophenazine,
naphtho[1',2':3,4]furazane-2-oxide, triphthaloylbenzene,
hexaoxynaphthalene anhydride, 2,2'-binaphthyl-1,4;1',4'-
15 diquinone, 1',4'-dioxynaphtho(2',3':3,4)pyrazole,
4,7-dioxy-3,3-diphenyl-5,6-benzindiazene, 2-diphenyl-
methyl-1,4-naphthoquinone, methylnaphtho[2',3':4,5]-
triazole-1',4'-quinone, 1,2,4-triacetoxynaphthalene,
1,4-naphthoquinonephenylimide, 1,4-naphthoquinone-mono-
20 (p-dimethylaminoanil), 1,4-naphthoquinonealkylimide,
4-nitroso-1-naphthol, phenylcarbamate, 4-nitroso-1-
naphthylamine, 4-benzhydryl-1,2-naphthoquinone,
2-benzhydryl-1,4-naphthoquinone, 3-benzhydryl-2-methyl-
1,4-naphthoquinone, 3-geranyl-2-methyl-1,4-naphtho-
25 quinone, 3-farnesyl-2-methyl-1,4-naphthoquinone,
2-methyl-3-phytyl-1,4-naphthoquinone, Vitamin K1, Vitamin
K2, 3-allyl-2,6-dimethyl-1,4-naphthoquinone, 2,6-dimethyl-
3-phytyl-1,4-naphthoquinone, 2,3-diallyl-6;7-dimethyl-
1,4-naphthoquinone, 2-phenyl-1,4-naphthoquinone,
30 2-methyl-1,4-naphthoquinone, 2,6-dimethyl-3-phenyl-
1,4-naphthoquinone, 3-benzyl-2-methyl-1,4-naphthoquinone,
2-methyl-3-(β -phenylethyl)-1,4-naphthoquinone,
3-cinnamyl-2-methyl-1,4-naphthoquinone, 2-benzhydryl-
1,4-naphthoquinone, 4,7-diketo-8-diphenylmethyl-
35 4,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5,6-benzindiazene, 2-methyl-3-
diphenylmethyl-1,4-naphthoquinone, 2,3-diphenyl-1-

naphthol, naphtho[2',3':3,4]-pyrazole-1',4'-quinone,
 3,4-dichloro-1,2-benzophenazine, 2-iodo-1,4-
 naphthoquinone, 1,4,5,8-tetraoxy-2,3;6,7-dibenzo-
 thianthrene, 5,8-dioxy-2,3;6,7-dibenzothianthrene-
 5 1,4-quinone, 2,3-diphenoxy-1,4-naphthoquinone,
 dinaphtho[2',3':2,3][1'',2'':5,4]furan-1',4'-quinone,
 2,3,5,8-tetrachloro-1,4-naphthoquinone, N,N'-bis-(1,4-
 naphthoquinone-2-yl)-benzidine, 2-anilino-1,4-
 naphthoquinone-4-anil, 4-anilino-1,2-naphthoquinone-
 10 2-anil, phenylrosindarine, 2-anilino-1,4-naphthoquinone-
 4-(p-dimethylaminoanil), 2-anilino-1,4-naphthoquinone-
 dianil, 2-anilino-3-phenyl-1,4-naphthoquinone,
 2-anilino-3-bromo-1,4-naphthoquinone, 2-anilino-
 4-chloro-1,4-naphthoquinone, 2,3-dianilino-1,4-
 15 naphthoquinone, 2,3-dianilino-1,4-naphthoquinonedianil,
 nitrosoaminonaphthoquinone, 3-chloro-2-phenylnitroso-
 amino-1,4-naphthoquinone, phenyl-bis-(3-anilino-1,4-
 naphthoquinone-2-yl)amine, 3-chloro-2-(p-tolylnitroso-
 amino)-1,4-naphthoquinone, 2,7-dioxy-1-nitrosonaphthalene,
 20 4-benzeneazo-1,3-dioxynaphthalene, di-(3-oxy-1,4-naphtho-
 quinonyl-2-)-methane, anhydroalkannin, diquinoxalino-
 [2',3':1,2:2'',3'':3,4]-naphthalene, 3,4-phthaloylfurazane;
 and

anthraquinones and derivatives thereof, such as
 25 1,2-anthraquinone, 2,3-anthraquinone, 1,4-anthraquinone,
 9,10-anthraquinone, 1,5-anthraquinone, 2,6-anthraquinone,
 1,10-anthraquinone, 9,9-bis(p-oxyphenyl)anthrone,
 anthraquinone bisdiphenylmethide, bisphenylhydrazone,
 benzanthrone, anthrahydroquinone, β -ethylanthraquinone,
 30 1,3,5,7-tetramethylanthraquinone, 2,2'-dianthraquinonyl-
 ethane, 2,2'-dianthraquinonylethylene, 1,2,3-trioxy-
 anthraquinone, anthrachrysone, erythrooxyanthraquinone,
 alizarin, quinizarin, anthrarufin, chrysazin, hystazarin,
 anthraflavin, isoanthraflavin, anthragallol, purpurin,
 35 oxyanthrarufin, anthrapurpurin, oxychrysazin,
 oxyflavopurpurin, Rufiopin, quinazarin,

- alizarinpentacyanine, rufigallol, Anthracene Blue WR,
 alizarinhexacyanine, 2-chloroquinizarin, 1-nitro-
 anthraquinone, purpurin, 2,4,6,8-tetrabromo-
 anthrachrysone, 3-aminoanthrapurpurin, 1,8-dinitro-
 5 anthraquinone, α -aminoanthraquinone, 1,1'-dianthra-
 quinonyl, dianthraquinoneimide, 1,4-dimethylamino-
 anthraquinone, 5-amino-1-nitro-6,8-dibromoanthraquinone,
 1,5-tetramethyldiamino-4,8-dinitroanthraquinone,
 anthraquinoneacridone, bis-N-(2-oxyanthraquinolyl)-
 10 p-phenylenediamine, leucoquinazarin, Quinazarin Green,
 1-amino-2,4-dibromoanthraquinone, 1,4-diacylamino-
 anthraquinone, anthraquinone- β -aldehyde, o-diazine,
 6,7-phthaloyl-1,9-benzanthrone, oxynitrosoanthraquinone,
 1,1'-dianthraquinolyl, azoxyanthraquinone, 8-chloro-
 15 pyrazoleanthrone, 2,6-dihydrazinoanthraquinone,
 anthraquinone diazonium salt, β -anthraquinonehydrazine,
 azoxyanthraquinone, pyrazoleanthrone, 1-(anthraquinolyl-
 2)-3-methylpyrazolone, 1-hydroxylaminoanthraquinone,
 1,5-dihydroxylaminoanthraquinone, 1-nitrosoanthraquinone,
 20 1-hydrazinoanthraquinone, 1,5-dihydrazinoanthraquinone,
 1-azidoanthraquinone, 2-azidoanthraquinone,
 anthraquinonemethylsulfoxide, 1,4-dirhodaneanthraquinone,
 β,β' -dianthraquinolyl sulfide, anthraquinonesulphenyl
 chloride, 2,2'-dianthraquinonyl, 1,1'-dianthraquinonyl,
 25 helianthrone, mesobenzodianthrone, 2,2'-diamino-1,1'-
 dianthraquinolyl, flavanthrone, 2,2'-dianthryl,
 mesonaphthodianthrone, 1,1'-dianthraquinolylamine,
 quinizarinquinone, hystazarinquinone, alizarinquinone,
 6-oxyquinizarinquinone, and the like.
- 30 Further, as the non-benzene type aromatic compounds,
 there may be included, for example, azulene,
 cyclodecapentane, cyclotetradecaheptane, cyclo-
 octadecanonaene, cyclotetracosadodecaene, heptalene,
 fulvalene, sesqui-flulvalene, heptafluvalene,
 35 perinaphthene, indeno[2,1-a]perinaphthene,

dibeizo[bf]oxepine, dibenzo[bf]thiepine, indolizine, cyclo[3,2,2]azine, 4,5-benzotroporon, 3,4-benzotroporon, 5H-benzocycloheptene, 7H-benzocycloheptene, colchicine, colchiceine, colchinol methyl ether, ditropyl ether, 5 ditropyl sulfide, cyclopentadienyltropylidene, benzoazulene, carbinol, 4,5-benzotropon, 2-phenyltropon, naphthocycloheptadienone, naphtotropon, tribenzotropon, 1-amino-1,3-dicyanoazulene, benzoylhydrazone, 3-phenyl-1-oxaazuranone-2,2-benzyltropon, 3-methyl-2-phenyltropon, 10 2,7-diphenyltropon, 2-(α -naphthyl)tropon, 2,7-tetramethylene-4,5-benzothropone, 2,7-diphenyl-4,5-benzotropon, naphtho[2',3'-4,5]tropon, naphtho[2',1'-2,3]-tropon, dibenzosuberane, naphtho[1',2'-2,3]tropon, dibenzosuberol, 4-oxy-2-phenyltropon, 4,5,7-tribromo-15 2-phenyltropon, 3,5'-ditroporon, 3-(p-methoxyphenyl)-troporon, 4-oxy-2-phenyltropon, 3-(α -naphthyl)troporon, 3,4-diphenyltroporon, 3,7-dibenzyltroporon, 4-(γ -phenylpropyl)troporon, 3,5'-bitroporonyl, 4-(p-nitrostyryl)troporon methyl ether, 2-amino-1,3-20 dicyanoazurene, benzo[b]tropothiazine, 5-bromo-2-phenyltropon, 4-bromo-2,7-diphenyltropon, diphenylbiphenylcarbinol, thiazinotropon, and the like.

Next, typical examples of the heterocyclic compounds having 5 or more conjugated π bonds include the following 25 compounds.

First, as the oxygen-containing heterocyclic compounds, there may be included:

furan and derivatives thereof, such as 2,5-diphenylfuran, 2-phenylfuran, 3-methyl-diphenylfuran, 30 lepidene, pyridoxine, 2,4-diphenylfuran; benzofuran, isobenzofuran, dibenzofuran and derivatives thereof, such as dibenzofuran, furano-[2',3'-7,8]flavone, egonol, Euparin, 1,3-diphenylisobenzofuran, tetraphenyl glycol, tetraphenylphthalan,

- 9-phenylanthracene, o-oxyethyltriphenylcarbinol,
3,3'-diphenylphthalide, 1-phenylphthalan, 1,1-
phenylphthalan, 3,3-diphenylphthalide, rubrene,
 α -sorinine, dibenzofuran, 2,2'-dioxybiphenyl, 2,2'-
5 diaminobiphenyl, phenazone, dibenzoquinone, 2-
hydroxybenzofuran, 2-methylbenzofuran, benzo[a]-
benzofuran, benzo[b]benzofuran, dibenzo[a,f]dibenzofuran,
dibenzo[c,d]dibenzofuran, dibenzo[c,e]dibenzofuran,
bis(2-dibenzofuryl), bis(3-dibenzofuryl);
10 pyran and pyrone derivatives, such as 2-p-oxyphenyl-
4,6-diphenylpyrylium ferrichloride, anhydrobase,
benzopyran, 4-p-oxyphenyl-2,6-diphenylpyrylium
ferrichloride, 6-phenylcoumarin;
chromenol and chromene derivatives, such as
15 6-methyl-2,3-diphenylchromone, 6-methyl-2,3-diphenyl-
4-(p-tolyl)-1,4-benzopyran-4-ol, chromanol,
 γ -chromene, oxychmarone, chromene, cyanizine chloride,
fisetin, 6-oxy-3-methoxy-5,7-dimethylflavirium chloride,
4,4'-diflavilene-3,3'-oxide, chrysinidine, apigenidin,
20 rotoflavinidine, lutosonidine, galanginidine, fisenidine,
molinidine, flavoneimine, peralgonidin, cyanidin,
delphinidin, petunidin, syringidin, hirsutidin,
apigeninidin, carajurin, dracorhodin, dracorubin;
flavone, flavonol and isoflavon derivatives, such
25 as flavonol, flavone, fukugetin;
coumarin and isocoumarin derivatives, such as
7-oxy-3,4-benzocoumarin, dicoumarol, angelicin, psoralen,
bergapten, bergaptol, xanthotoxin, xanthotoxal,
isopimpinellin, pimpinellin, oroselol, oroselone,
30 peucedanin, oxypeucedanin, ostruthol, medakenine,
nodakenetin, seselin, xanthyletin, xanthoxyletin; and
xanthone and related compounds; such as
dixanthylene, 9-phenylxanthene, isoxanthone, 1,2,7,8-
dibenzoxanthene, 3,9-diphenylxanthene, 9,9-diphenyl-
35 xanthene, and the like.

Next, the nitrogen-containing heterocyclic compounds may include:

- pyrroles, such as 1-phenylpyrrole, 5-phenylpyrrole-2-aldehyde, phenyl-2-pyrrolyketoneoxime, 2-phenylpyrrole,
- 5 2-methyl-1-phenylpyrrole, 2-methyl-4-phenylpyrrole, 2-methyl-5-phenylpyrrole, 3-methyl-5-phenylpyrrole, 2,4-diphenylpyrrole, 2,5-diphenylpyrrole, 2,3-diphenylpyrrole, 2,3,5-triphenylpyrrole, 1,2,3,5-tetraphenylpyrrole, 2,3,4,5-tetraphenylpyrrole, diphenyl-2-
- 10 pyrrolylcarbinol, pyrrolecyclotrimethyne dye, pyrrolepolymethylene dye, biliverdin, bilirubin, prodigiosin, stercobilin;
- indoles, such as 5,7-dichloro-2-phenylindole, 7-chloro-2-phenylindole, 5,7-dibromo-2-phenylindole,
- 15 7-bromo-5-chloro-2-phenylindole, 2-(3'-indolyl)-3-isonitroindolenine, Roseindole, Tryptophan Blue, Indolo[3,2-c]quinoline, indolo[1,2-c]quinazoline, 2-phenylindole, 3-nitro-2-phenylindole, 3-phenylindole, N-methyl-3-phenylindole, 3-(o-nitrophenyl)indole,
- 20 2,3-diphenylindole, 3-triphenylmethylinole, 2-methyl-3-triphenylmethylinole, 2-phenyl-3-triphenylmethylinole, 2-(1-naphthyl)-3-triphenylmethylinole, 2-(2-naphthyl)-3-triphenylmethylinole, 3,3'-diindolyl, 3,2'-diindolyl, 3,3'-dehydrodiindole, Roseindole,
- 25 3-nitroso-2-phenylindole, 3-nitro-2-phenylindole, 2-methyl-3-phenylazoindole, 2-phenyl-3-phenylazoindole, 6-oxy-3-phenylindole, tryptophan, 4,5-benzotryptophan, 6,7-benzotryptophan, violasein;
- oxoderivatives of indole, such as 3-(4-ethoxy-1-
- 30 naphthyl)oxyindole, indophenine, indigoazine, indigoyellow 3G;
- isoindoles, such as 1-chloro-4-methylphthalazine, 1-benzilidenephthalimidine, 2-methyl-3-phenylphthalimidine, 2-methyl-1,3-diphenylisoindole, 2,5-diphenyl-
- 35 isoindole, β -isoindigo, dimethylimino- β -isoindigo;
- carbazoles, such as 1-phenyl-1,2,3-benzotriazole,

- 2,2'-diaminodiphenyl, 1,1'-dicarbazole;
 porphyrins, such as porphyrazine, magnesium
 octamethyltetraazaporphyrin, ezadipyromethine,
 phthalocyanine, diazacoproporphyrin, porphine,
 5 mesotetraphenylporphyrin, chlorophyll-b, chlorophyll-a;
 oxazoles, such as 2-phenyloxazole, 4-phenyloxazole,
 5-phenyloxazole, 2-methyl-4-phenyloxazole, 2-methyl-
 5-phenyloxazole, 4-methyl-2-phenyloxazole, 5-methyl-
 2-phenyloxazole, 4,5-dimethyl-2-phenyloxazole,
 10 2,4-diphenyloxazole, 2,5-diphenyloxazole, 4,5-diphenyl-
 oxazole, 2-methyl-4,5-diphenyloxazole, 2,4,5-
 triphenyloxazole, 2-(o-nitrophenyl)oxazole, 2-(p-
 nitrophenyl)oxazole, 2-amino-5-phenyloxazole, 2-(p-
 aminophenyl)oxazole, 2-(o-aminophenyl)oxazole,
 15 4,5-dimethyl-2-phenyloxidooxazole, 4-methyl-2,5-
 diphenyloxidooxazole, 2,4,5-triphenyloxidooxazole,
 4-(o-methoxycarbonylbenzyl)-2-phenyl-5-oxazolone,
 oxacarbocyanine dye, phenanthrooxazole;
 isooxazoles, such as 4-nitro-3-phenylisooxazole,
 20 5-amino-3-methyl-4-phenylisooxazole, 5-benzoyl-3,4-
 diphenylisooxazole;
 thiazoles, such as 4-phenylthiazole, 5-phenyl-
 thiazole, 5-(p-fluorophenyl)thiazole, 2-methyl-4-
 phenylthiazole, 4-methyl-5-phenylthiazole, 5-methyl-
 25 4-phenylthiazole, 4,5-diphenylthiazole, 2-methyl-4,5-
 diphenylthiazole, 1,4-bis(4-methyl-2-thiazolyl)benzene,
 p,p'-bis(4-methyl-2-thiazolyl)biphenyl, 2-amino-4-
 phenylthiazole, 2-amino-5-phenylthiazole, 2-amino-4,5-
 diphenylthiazole, 2-phenylazothiazole, 2-amino-4-
 30 methyl-5-phenylazothiazole, 4-methyl-2-phenylazothiazole,
 α -naphthothiazole, β -naphthothiazole, naphtho[2,3]-
 thiazole, naphtho[1,2]thiazole, 2-methyl[1,2]thiazole,
 2-phenylnaphtho[1,2]thiazole, 2-methylnaphtho[2,1]-
 thiazole, 4-bromo-2-phenylnaphtho[2,3]thiazole,
 35 2-oxynaphtho[2,1]thiazole, 2-aminonaphtho[1,2]thiazole,
 2-aminonaphtho[2,1]thiazole, 2-mercaptanaphtho[1,2]-

thiazole, 2-mercaptanaphtho[2,1]thiazole;

imidazoles, such as 2-phenylimidazole, 4-phenylimidazole, 4-methyl-2-phenylimidazole, 2,4-diphenylimidazole, 4,5-diphenylimidazole, 2,4,5-triphenylimidazole, 2-bromo-4-phenylimidazole, 5-chloro-1-ethyl-2-phenylimidazole, 5-chloro-1,2-diphenylimidazole, 2-phenylazoimidazole, 2-methyl-4-phenylazoimidazole, 2-(o-aminophenyl)benzoimidazole;

pyrazoles, such as 3-phenylpyrazole, 5-phenylpyrazole, 4-phenylpyrazole, 1-methyl-3-phenylpyrazole, 1-methyl-5-phenylpyrazole, 3-methyl-5-phenylpyrazole, 1,3-diphenylpyrazole, 1,5-diphenylpyrazole, 1,3,4-triphenylpyrazole, 1,3,5-triphenylpyrazole, 1,4,5-triphenylpyrazole, 5-amino-3-phenylpyrazole, 3-amino-5-phenylpyrazole, 5-methyl-1,3-diphenylpyrazole-4-aldehyde, 3,5-diacetyl-4-phenylpyrazole, 4-benzoyl-1,5-diphenylpyrazole;

oxadiazoles, such as 3-phenylfurazane, 3,4-diphenylfurazane, naphtho[1,2]furazane, phenylfuroxane, 3-methyl-5-phenyl-1,2,4-oxadiazole, 2,5'-diphenyl-1,3,4-oxadiazole;

thiadiazoles, such as 5-phenyl-1,2,3-thiadiazole, 2-phenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole, 5,5'-diphenyl-2,2'-bis(1,3,4-thiadiazole), 2-oxy-5-phenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole, 2-methylsulfonyl-5-phenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole;

triazoles, such as 2-phenyl-1,2,3-triazole, 5-(p-aminophenyl)-3-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole;

tetrazoles, such as 5-phenyltetrazole, 1,5-diphenyltetrazole, 1-oxy-5-phenyltetrazole, 1-amino-5-phenyltetrazole;

pyridine related compounds, such as 2-phenylpyridine, 2,2'-dipyridyl, 2-chloro-6-phenylpyridine, 2,6-dichloro-3-phenylpyridine, 2,2'-azopyridine, 3,3'-azopyridine, benzene-4-azopyridine, 5-chloro-2,2'-azopyridine, 5,5'-dichloro-2,2'-azopyridine, 4-pyridylazoresorcin, 4-pyridyl-m-phenylenediamine,

3-pyridyl-m-phenylenediamine;

quinoline and related compounds, such as quinoline, quinaldine, quinaldine-N-oxide, ethylquinoline, 2-phenylquinoline, 3-methylquinoline, 3-phenylquinoline, 5 4-methylquinoline, 4-phenylquinoline, 6-methylquinoline, 6-ethylquinoline, 6-phenylquinoline, 2,4-dimethylquinoline, 2,4-diphenylquinoline, quinoline-4-methanol, quinoline[6,5-f]quinoline, quinophthalone, flavaaniline, Quinoline Blue, Ethyl Red, pinacyanol, naphthocyanol, 10 cryptocyanine, xenocyanine, azacyanine, 6,6'-octahydroquinone, Besthorn's red, 2,3'-biquinoline, 2,5'-biquinoline, 2,6'-biquinoline, 2,7'-biquinoline, 3,3'-biquinoline, 4,5'-biquinoline, 4,6'-biquinoline, 5,5'-biquinoline, 6,6'-biquinoline, 6,7'-biquinoline, 15 6,8'-biquinoline, 7,7'-biquinoline, 8,8'-biquinoline, 2-fluoroquinoline, 3-fluoroquinoline, 4-fluoroquinoline, 5-fluoroquinoline, 6-fluoroquinoline, 7-fluoroquinoline, 8-fluoroquinoline, 3-bromoquinoline, 4-chloroquinoline, 2,4-dichloroquinoline, 3-nitroquinoline, 4-nitroquinoline, 20 2,3-quinolinediol, quinoline-2-thiol, 2-oxyquinoline-3-thiol, 2-aminoquinoline, 8-aminoquinoline, 2-hydraziquinoline, pyroloquinoline, thiazoloquinoline, pyrimido[4,5-b]quinoline, benzo[f]quinoline;

25 isoquinoline and related compounds, such as 1-methylisoquinoline, 3-bromomethylisoquinoline, 1-phenylisoquinoline, 4-phenylisoquinoline, 1,1'-biisoquinoline, 5,5'-biisoquinoline, 1-chloroisoquinoline, 5-iodoisoquinoline, 5-bromoisoquinoline, 30 5-nitroisoquinoline, isoquinoline-1,3-diol, 6,7-methylenedioxyisoquinoline, 1-aminoisoquinoline, 1-cyanoisoquinoline, 1-phenylbenzo[g]3,4-dihydroisoquinoline, 3-(p-aminophenyl)-5,6-dihydro-8,9-dimethoxyimidazo[5,1-a]isoquinoline;

35 acridine and related compounds, such as acridine, 1-methylacridine, 9-phenylacridine, 9-(3-pyridinyl)-

- acridine, 2-chloroacridine, 2-bromoacridine, 2-cridinol, acridine-3,6-diol, 4-methoxyacridine, 9-phenoxyacridine, 1-nitroacridine, 4-aminoacridine, 1-aminoacridine, 9-phenylaminoacridine, 9-oxyacridine, chrysaniline,
- 5 acriflavine, 3,6-diamino-4,5-dimethylacridine, acrynol; phenanthridines, such as 3,4-benzoquinoline, 6-methylphenanthridine, 6-aminomethylphenanthridine, 6-phenylphenanthridine, 6-chlorophenanthridine, 6-bromophenanthridine, 6-nitrophenanthridine,
- 10 1-aminophenanthridine, 3-oxyphenanthridinone; anthrazolines, such as pyrido[2,3-g]quinoline, 2,7-diphenyl[2,3-g]quinoline, 2,8-diphenylpyrido[3,2-g]-quinoline; phenanthroline and related compounds, such as 1,7-
- 15 phenanthroline, 1,10-phenanthroline, 4,7-phenanthroline, 8-methyl-1,7-phenanthroline, 4,10-dioxy-1,7-phenanthroline, 3,5-dichloro-1,10-phenanthroline, 2-amino-1,10-phenanthroline, 5-oxy-4,7-phenanthroline, 5-amino-4,7-phenanthroline;
- 20 pyridoindoles, such as 1,9-pyridoindole, 2,9-pyridoindole, 4,9-pyridoindole; naphthylidine and related compounds, such as 1,5-naphthylidine, 1,7-naphthylidine, 1,8-naphthylidine, 1,6-naphthylidine, 2,6-naphthylidine, 2,7-naphthylidine,
- 25 1,5-naphthylidine-4-ol, 3-amino-1,5-naphthylidine, 2-amino-1,5-naphthylidine, 2-oxy-1,7-naphthylidine; oxazine and related compounds such as phenoxazinone, resazurin, carocyanin, Nile Blue A, Meldora's Blue, Brilliant Cresyl Blue;
- 30 thiazine and related compounds, such as o-benzamino-phenyl-β-phenoxy-carbonyl-ethyl sulfide, phenothiazine, nitrophenothiazine, 3-chloro-10-ethylphenothiazine, 4-amino-4'-anilinodiphenyl disulfide, 2-chloro-10-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)phenothiazine, chlorpromazine,
- 35 10-(2-dimethylamino-1-propyl)phenothiazine hydrochloride, 10-[2-(1-pyrrolidyl)ethyl]phenothiazine hydrochloride,

- 10-[1-methyl-3-piperidylmethyl)phenothiazine, 2-acetyl-
10-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)phenothiazine, Methylene Blue;
pyridazine and related compounds, such as cinnoline,
3-methylcinnoline, 4-chlorocinnoline, 3-bromocinnoline,
5 4-cinnolinol, 4-aminocinnoline, phthalazine, 4-ethyl-
2-phenylphthalazinone, phthalazine thiol, 1(2H)-
phthalazinone, 3-phenylpseudophthalazine, 4-methyl-
3-phenylpseudophthalazine, 2,3-dihydro-1,4-phthalazine-
dione;
- 10 pyrimidine and related compounds, such as
2-cinnamethylpyrimidine, 4,6-dimethyl-2-phenylpyrimidine,
2,4,6-triphenylpyrimidine, alloxantin, 2,6-dioxy-4-
phenylpyrimidine, 4,6-dioxy-2-phenylpyrimidine,
5-chloro-4,6-dioxy-2-phenylpyrimidine, sulfadiazine,
15 sulfisomidine, thonzylamine hydrochloride, Vitamin B1,
thiochrome, co-carboxylase, allomycin, 6-(2-furfuryl)-
aminopurine, pteridine, 2,4-pterine diol, 2-amino-6-
methyl-4-pteridinol, xanthopterin, leucopterin,
isoxanthopterin, quinazoline, 4-chloroquinazoline,
20 2,4-dichloroquinazoline, 4-quinazoline, 2,3-diphenyl-
4-quinazoline;
pyrazine related compounds, such as 3,6-diphenyl-
pyrazinol, quinoxaline, 2-methylquinoxaline, 2,3-
dimethylquinoxaline, 2-chloroquinoxaline, 2,3-dichloro-
25 quinoxaline, 2-(o-aminoaniline)quinoxaline, N,N'-
diphenyl-2,3-piperazine, 2-quinoxalinol, 2,3-quinoxaline
diol, 2-aminoquinoxaline, 2,3-diaminoquinoxaline,
methylquinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid ester, 2-(d-
arabotetraoxybutyl)quinoxaline, flavazole, glucazidone,
30 phenazine, phenazine-5-oxide, phenazine-5,10-dioxide,
5-methylphenadine-methylsulfate, 10-methyl-5,10-
dihydro-2-phenazinecarbonitrile, 2-phenazinecarbonitrile,
1-phenazinol, 1-methoxyphenazine, 2-phenazinol, 1,6-
dioxypheazine-5,10-dioxide, 1-aminophenazine, 2-amino-
35 phenazine, 2,3-diaminophenazine, Neutral Red, 5,10-
dihydrophenazine, 5-methyl-5,10-dihydrophenazine,

- 1,2,3,4-tetrahydrophenazine;
 tri- and tetra-hetero six-membered cyclic compounds, such
 as 2,4,6-triphenyl-s-triazine, 2,4-dichloro-6-o-
 chloroaniline-s-triazine, 5,6-diphenyl-as-triazine,
 5 2,6-diphenyl-2,3,4-5-tetrahydro-as-triazine, 5,6-
 diphenyl-as-triazine-3-ol, 1,2,4-benzotriazine,
 1,2,4-benzotriazine-3-ol, 3-phenyl-1,2,3-benzotriazine-
 4-(3H)-one, 1,2,3-benzotriazine-4-ol, 1,2,3-benzo-
 triazine-4-thiol, 3-amino-1,2,3-benzotriazine, 2,3-
 10 diphenylosotetrazine, 5,6-dimethyl-2,3-diphenyl-
 osotetrazine, 5-cyano-2,3-diphenylosotetrazine,
 5,6-dibenzoyl-2,3-diphenylosotetrazine, 2,3-dibenzoyl-
 5-methylosotetrazine, 2,3-dibenzoyl-5,6-dimethyl-
 osotetrazine, 2,3-dibenzoyl-5,6-diphenylosotetrazine,
 15 2,3-bis(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5,6-diphenyl-1,2,3,4-
 tetrahydro-v-tetrazine, 1,2,3,4-tetraethoxycarbonyl-
 5,5-diphenyl-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydro-v-tetrazine,
 7-methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)-1,2-dihydrobenzotetrazine,
 3,6-diphenyl-1,2-dihydro-s-tetrazine, 1,3-diphenyl-
 20 1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-s-tetrazine, 3,3,6,6-tetraphenyl-
 1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-s-tetrazine, and the like.

Further, the sulfur-containing heterocyclic compounds
 may include:

- sulfur-containing heterocyclic compounds, such as
 25 2-phenylthiophene, 2,4-diphenylthiophene, 2,3,4,5-
 tetraphenylthiophene, metaphenylene hydrochloride,
 metapyrylene hydrochloride, chlorothene citrate,
 thenyldiamine hydrochloride, α -quinqthienyl, α -sexythienyl;
 fused thiophene type compounds, such as 3,3'-
 30 diminiothioindigo, indigoron, dihydronaphtho[2,1-b]-
 thianaphthene, 1,3-diphenylisothianaphthene,
 dibenzothiophene, 2-nitrodibenzothiophene,
 aminodibenzothiophene, 2,8-diaminodibenzothiophene,
 dibenzothiophene-5-dioxide, 4-oxydibenzothiophene;
 35 2,8-dioxydibenzothiophene, 2-chlorodibenzothiophene,
 1-bromodibenzothiophene, 2,8-dibromodibenzothiophene,

- 2-iodo-dibenzothiophene, 2-acetyldibenzothiophene,
 2,8-diacetyldibenzothiophene, naphthothiophene,
 3-oxythiophanthrene, 2,3-thiophanthrene, naphtho[2,3-c]-
 thiophene, naphtho[1,2-b]thiophene, naphtho[2,1-b]-
 5 thiophene, naphtho[1,2-c]thiophene, 1,2-naphtho[2,1-b]-
 thiophenequinone, 1-oxy-2-naphtho[2,1-b]thiophene-
 aldehyde, naphtho[1,2-c]thiophene, 2H-naphtho[1,8]-
 thiophene, benzo[b]thiophanthrene, 6,11-benzo[b]-
 thiophanthraquinone, benzo[g]thiophanthrene, 4,5-
 10 benzothiophanthrene, 8,9-benzothiophanthrene;
 five-membered monocyclic compounds containing 2
 hetero atoms, such as 5-phenyl-1,2-dithiol-3-thione,
 3,4-dihydronaphtho-2,1-trithione, thiaflavone,
 thiacoumarin, thiaxanthene, thiaxanthohydrol,
 15 thiaxanthone, Milacil D, bithiaxanthylene;
 six-membered cyclic compound having two or more
 hetero atoms, such as 2,5-diphenyl-1,4-dithiadine,
 thiophenealdehyde, thianthrene, 2,7-dimethylthianthrene,
 1-thianthrenyl lithium, 1-chlorothianthrene, phenoxathine,
 20 2-vinylphenoxathine, 2-aminophenoxathine, 2-nitro-
 phenoxathine, 3,7-dinitrophenoxathine, 10,10-diphenyl-
 phenoxathine, 2,5-diphenylthiophene, and the like.

Further, other useful compounds may include:

- dicyclic compounds having commonly a nitrogen atom,
 25 such as cinchonine, 2-phenylpyrrocoline, 3-ethyl-2-
 phenylpyrrocoline, 3-benzyl-2-phenylpyrrocoline,
 3-nitroso-2-phenylpyrrocoline, 2:3-benzopyrrocoline,
 1,5,8-trimethyl-2:3-benzopyrrocoline, 1-ethyl-5,8-
 dimethyl-2:3-benzopyrrocoline, 1,8-dimethyl-2:3-
 30 benzopyrrocoline, 3-phenyl-7:8-benzopyrrocoline,
 cyclo[3.3.3]azine, cyclo[3.2.2]azine, 2-phenylcyclo-
 [3.2.2]azine, 2,3-diphenylcyclo[3.2.2]azine,
 tricycladine, 7-methylbenzo[a]quinolinium bromide,
 7-phenylbenzo[a]quinolidinium bromide, benzo[b]-
 35 quinolidinium salt, tetrahydro- ψ -berberine,

- tetrahydroberberine, laudanosoline, tetrahydro-2,3,9,10-tetraoxy-7-methyldibenzopyrrocolium chloride, homolaudanosoline, octadehydromatine, canadinemethiodide, tetrahydropalmatinemethiodide;
- 5 alkaroids, such as nicotyrine, 3',2-dipyridyl, cusparine, galipoline, 1-methyl-2-quinolone, casimiroin, 2-penthylquinoline, 4-oxy-2-pentylquinoline, 4-methoxy-2-pentylquinoline, 1-methyl-2-pentyl-4-quinoline, 4-methoxy-2-phenylquinoline, 7-methoxy-1-methyl-2-
- 10 phenyl-4-quinoline, cuspareine, dictamnine, skimmianine, evolitrine, maclurin, kokusagine, kokusaginine, maculosidine, flindersiamine, evoxoidine, evoxine, evolatine, acronycidine, medicosmine, acronidine, Y-fagerine, cinchonin, quininone, quinotoxin,
- 15 N-bromoquinotoxin, dihydrocinchonine, heteroquinine, evoxantidine, xanthoquinoline, 1,3-dimethoxy-10-methylacridone, evoxanthine, xanthevodine, melicopine, melicopidine, melicopicine, acronycine, flindersine, papaverin, papaveraldine, laudanosine, laudanine,
- 20 codamine, protopapaverine, almepavine, 4,4'-5-trimethoxy-2-vinylstilbene, coclaurine, d-isococlaurine, neprotin, corpaverine, phellodendrine, magnocurarine, coclanoline, narcotin, narcotoline, aponarceine, cinchonin, cinchotoxine, dihydrohydrastine, bicuculline,
- 25 adlumidine, corlumidine, cordrastine, magnolamine, berbamine, o-methylberbamine, etc.

- Among the conjugated π bond compounds described above, preferred are the ones having at least one amino group. Particularly preferred such compounds include, for
- 30 example, aminonaphthalenes such as diamidonaphthalenes, triaminonaphthalenes and tetraaminonaphthalenes, 1,4-diaminoanthracens, 9,10-diaminophenanthrene, 2,2'-diaminodiphenyl, 1,1'-diamino-2,2'-dinaphthyl, 2-amino-5-phenyl oxazole, 1-aminophenanthridine,
- 35 2-amino-4-phenylthiazole, 2-amino-5-phenylthiazole,

3-amino-1,5-naphtyl, 1-aminophenanthridine,
aminoacridines such as 4-aminoacridine, 2-aminoacridine,
1-aminoacridine and 3,6-diaminoacridine, and
aminophenazines such as 1-aminophenazine, 2-amino-
5 phenazine and 2,3-diaminophenazine.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the
scaling preventive to be used in the present invention
further contains, in addition to at least one of dyes,
pigments and conjugated π bond compounds, at least one
10 of inorganic compounds. Although an inorganic compound
per se has no scaling preventive action, the scaling
preventive action possessed by dyes, pigments or
conjugated π bond compounds has unexpectedly been found
to be further enhanced when it is combined with dyes
15 or the like. It has also been found that this effect
can surely be exhibited, if the chloride ion concen-
tration in the reaction mixture is controlled to 100
ppm or less. At a level of the chloride ion concen-
tration in excess of 100 ppm, the scaling preventive
20 effect is not enough to prevent effectively scaling.

When a mixture of a dye, a pigment or a conjugated π
bond compound with an inorganic compound is to be applied
by coating on the inner wall surface of a polymerizer,
etc., the proportion of the both components may
25 preferably be 0.1 to 2000 parts by weight of the
inorganic compound, more preferably 1 to 1000 parts by
weight, per 100 parts by weight of the dye, pigment or
conjugated π bond compound.

Such inorganic compounds may include silicic acids or
30 silicates, such as orthosilicic acid, metasilicic acid,
mesodisilicic acid, mesotrisilicic acid, mesotetrasilicic
acid, sodium metasilicate, sodium orthosilicate, sodium
disilicate, sodium tetrasilicate, potassium metasilicate,

potassium hydrogen disilicate, lithium orthosilicate, hexalithium orthodisilicate, water glass, 12-silicotungstic acid, iso-12-silicotungstic acid, 10-silicotungstic acid, potassium 12-silicotungstate, potassium
5 iso-12-silicotungstate, potassium 10-silicotungstate, sodium 12-silicotungstate, sodium iso-12-silicotungstate, silicomolybdic acid, potassium silicomolybdate, sodium silicomolybdate, and the like;

metal salts such as oxyacid salts, acetates,
10 nitrates, hydroxides or halides of metals selected from alkaline earth metals such as magnesium, calcium, barium, etc., aluminum family metals such as aluminum, etc., tin family metals such as titanium, tin, etc., iron family metals such as iron, nickel, etc., chromium family
15 metals such as chromium, molybdenum, etc., manganese family metals such as manganese, etc., copper family metals such as copper, silver, etc., platinum family metals such as platinum, etc.;

inorganic colloids prepared by mechanical crushing,
20 irradiation of ultrasonic wave, electrical dispersion or chemical methods, such as gold colloid, silver colloid, sulfur colloid, colloid of ferric hydroxide, colloid of stannic acid, colloid of silicic acid, colloid of manganese dioxide, colloid of molybdenum oxide,
25 colloid of barium sulfate, colloid of vanadium pentoxide, colloid of aluminum hydroxide, colloid of lithium silicate, and so on.

Among the above inorganic compounds, silicates, silicic acid colloid and ferric hydroxide colloid are
30 particularly preferred.

For coating of the scaling preventive on the inner wall of a polymerizer, etc., it can be applied as such or as a coating solution prepared by dissolving or dispersing in an appropriate solvent. The concentration

of the scaling preventive in the coating solution is generally preferred to be 0.01% by weight or higher.

The solvent which may be used in preparation of the coating solution may be water or various organic

5 solvents, including, for example:

aliphatic hydrocarbons such as gasoline, petroleum, benzine, mineral spirit, petroleum naphtha, V.M.&P. naphtha, decalin, tetralin, p-cymene, and the like;

10 aromatic hydrocarbons such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and the like;

halogenated hydrocarbons such as trichloroethylene, perchloroethylene, chloroform, carbon tetrachloride, ethylene trichloride, benzene monobromide, benzene monochloride, benzene dichloride and the like;

15 alcohols such as amyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, 2-ethylbutyl alcohol, 2-ethylhexyl alcohol, cyclohexanol, methyl alcohol, methylamyl alcohol, benzyl alcohol, butyl alcohol and the like;

ketones such as acetone, acetonylacetone, diisobutyl
20 ketone, diethyl ketone, dipropyl ketone, methyl amyl ketone, methyl butyl ketone, methylcyclohexanone, methyldipropyl ketone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl n-hexyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone, methyl propyl ketone, mesityl oxide, and the like;

25 esters such as acetates, butyrates, propionates, formates and the like;

alcohol esters such as butyl lactate, isopropyl lactate, ethyl lactate, ethyl oxypropionate, diethyl maleate and the like;

30 ketone esters such as ethyl acetoacetate, ethyl pyruvate and the like;

ethers such as isopropyl ether, ethyl ether, diethyl carbitol, diethyl cellosolve, butyl ether, and the like;

ketone alcohols such as acetonylmethanol, diacetone
35 alcohol, dihydroxyl acetone, pyruvyl alcohol and the

like;

ether alcohols such as isopropyl cellosolve,
carbitol, glycidol, cellosolve, glycol ether, benzyl
cellosolve, butyl carbitol, butyl cellosolve, methyl
5 carbitol, methyl cellosolve, triethyleneglycol monoethyl
ether and the like;

ketone ethers such as acetal ethyl ether,
acetonyl-methanol ethyl ether, methyl ethoxyethyl ether,
and the like;

10 ester ethers such as butylcarbitol acetate, butyl
cellosolve acetate, carbitol acetate, cellosolve acetate,
3-methoxybutyl acetate, methylcarbitol acetate, methyl
cellosolve acetate, and the like.

When organic solvents highly compatible with water are
15 employed, water may be added to the coating solution
in an amount within the range which does not impair
solubility or dispersibility of the scaling preventive,
whereby the coating solution can be improved in economy
and safety during transportation and storage. Such
20 solvents includes:

alcohols such as methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol,
allyl alcohol, n-propyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, and
the like;

ketones such as acetone, acetonylacetone, diacetone
25 alcohol and the like;

esters such as ethyleneglycol monomethyl ether
acetate, diethyleneglycol methyl ether acetate, monoethyl
ether acetate and the like;

ethers such as dioxane, ethyleneglycol monomethyl
30 ether, ethyleneglycol monoethyl ether and the like;

furans such as tetrahydrofuran, furfuryl alcohol
and the like;

aprotic solvents such as acetonitrile, N,N-
dimethylformamide, N,N-dimethylacetamide and the like.

When the scaling preventive to be used is a water-soluble sulfonic acid type or carboxylic acid type dye having sulfonic acid groups or carboxylic acid groups in the form of an alkali metal salt or ammonium salt, water
5 can be used as the solvent in which the preventive is to be dissolved, as disclosed in Japanese Patent Publication No. 5442/1981, whereby there is the advantage in safety and hygiene that the solvent is non-toxic and harmless. If water is used as the solvent as described
10 above, wettability of the coating solution for the inner wall of a polymerizer, etc. can be enhanced by addition of alcohols, preferably $C_3 - C_6$ monohydric alcohols, such as n-propyl alcohol, n-butyl alcohol, iso-butyl alcohol, sec-butyl alcohol, t-butyl alcohol, n-amyl
15 alcohol, t-amyl alcohol, iso-amyl alcohol, sec-amyl alcohol, sec-hexyl alcohol, etc., as disclosed in Japanese Patent Publication No. 5444/1981. Also, as disclosed in Japanese Patent Publication No. 5442/1981, for the purpose of making drying of the coating solution
20 after coating easier, an organic solvent compatible with water such as alcoholic solvents, ester solvents, ketone solvents, may be added to the coating solution.

In carrying out coating of the coating solution containing the scaling preventive on the inner wall of
25 a polymerizer, etc. according to the process of the present invention, various fixing agents can be used for enhancement of the fixing characteristic, if desired. The fixing agent may be used according to various methods, for example, the method in which it is
30 incorporated in the coating solution containing the scaling preventive, the method in which the fixing agent or a solution thereof is previously applied on the wall surface prior to coating of the scaling preventive, followed by overlaying of the scaling preventive thereon,
35 and the suitable method may be selected depending on

the kind of the scaling preventive and the kind of the fixing agent.

Such fixing agents may include the polymeric compounds as shown below:

- 5 olefin polymers, such as polyethylene, polyethylene sulfonic acid, polypropylene, poly(1-butene), poly-isobutene, polycyclopentene, polycyclopentylethylene, polycyclohexylethylene, poly(3-cyclohexyl-1-propene), poly(4-cyclohexyl-1-butene), poly(5-cyclohexyl-1-
10 pentene), poly(cyclotrifluoroethylene), poly(tetra-fluoroethylene);
 diene polymers, such as polyallene, polybutadiene, polyisoprene, polychloroprene, poly(1-methoxybutadiene), poly(2-tert-butyl-1,3-butadiene), poly(cyclopentadiene),
15 poly(1,3-cyclohexadiene), poly(dimethylfulvene), poly(4-vinyl-1-cyclohexane), poly(1,5-hexadiene), poly(1,5-cyclooctadiene), poly(bicyclo-2,2,1-hepta-2,5-diene), poly(5,7-dimethyl-1,6-octadiene), poly(diallylphthalate), poly(diallylmethylsilane),
20 poly(diallylphenylphosphineoxide);
 acetylene polymers, such as polyacetylene, poly(cyanoacetylene), poly((hydroxymethyl)acetylene), poly(butoxyacetylene), poly(phenylacetylene), poly(diphenyldiacetylene), poly(pyridylacetylene);
25 aliphatic vinyl polymers and vinylidene polymers, such as polyvinyl alcohol, polyallyl alcohol, poly(vinylformal), poly(vinylacetal), poly(vinylbutyral), poly(vinylisobutyral), poly(vinylcyclohexanoneketal), poly(vinyl acetate), poly(vinylchloroacetate), poly(vinyl
30 isobutyrate), poly(vinyl pivalate), poly(vinyl n-caproate), poly(vinyl caprylate), poly(vinyl laurate), poly(vinyl palmitate), poly(vinyl benzoate), poly(vinyl sulfate), poly(vinyl chloride), poly(vinylidene chloride), poly(vinyl bromide), poly(vinyl methyl ether),
35 poly(vinyl ethyl ether), poly(vinyl n-propyl ether),

poly(vinyl isopropyl ether), poly(vinyl n-butyl ether),
poly(vinyl isobutyl ether), poly(vinyl tert-butyl ether),
poly(vinyl neopentyl ether), poly(vinyl carbomethoxy-
methyl ether), poly(vinyl-2-methoxyethyl ether),
5 poly(vinyl-2-chloroethyl ether), poly(vinyl 2,2,2-
trifluoroethyl ether), poly(vinyl benzyl ether),
poly(vinyl methyl ketone), poly(methyl isopropenyl
ketone), poly(1-nitropropylene), poly(vinylsulfo-
fluoride), poly(vinylsulfonic acid), poly(vinyl diphenyl-
10 phosphineoxide), poly(vinyl diphenylphosphinesulfide),
poly(dimethyl-2-cyano-2-propene-1-phosphonate),
poly(diethyl-2-cyano-2-propene-1-phosphonate),
poly(maleic anhydride);

aromatic vinyl polymers, such as polystyrene, poly(α -
15 methylstyrene), poly(4-chlorostyrene), poly(4-bromo-
styrene), poly(dichlorostyrene), poly(4-methoxystyrene),
poly(2,5-dimethoxystyrene), poly(vinyl-bis(1-ethoxy-
ethyl)hydroquinone), poly(4-vinyl-phthalic acid),
poly(4-vinylphenylboric acid), poly(diphenyl-4-
20 styrylphosphine oxide), poly(diphenyl-4-styrylphosphine
sulfide), poly(9-vinylnanthracene), poly(4-vinyl-
biphenyl), poly(acenaphthylene), polyindene;

heterocyclic vinyl polymers, such as poly(N-
vinylcarbazole), poly(9- Δ^5 -pentenylcarbazole),
25 poly(9- Δ^5 -hexenylcarbazole), poly(N-vinylpyrrolidone),
poly(2-vinylpyridine), poly(4-vinylpyridine), poly(2-
methyl-2-vinylpyridine), poly(2,4-dimethyl-6-vinyl-S-
triazine), poly(N-vinyl-1,2,4-triazine), poly(N-
vinylbenztriazole), poly(N-morpholinone-(3)),
30 polycoumarone;

acrylic and methacrylic polymers, such as
polyacrylic acid, polymethacrylic acid, poly(methyl
acrylate), poly(ethyl acrylate), poly(butyl acrylate),
poly(5-cyano-3-thia-phenylacrylate), poly(methyl
35 methacrylate), poly(ethyl methacrylate), poly(n-propyl
methacrylate), poly(n-butyl methacrylate),

- poly(isobutylmethacrylate), poly(n-hexyl methacrylate),
poly(2-ethylbutyl methacrylate), poly(n-octyl
methacrylate), poly(n-lauryl methacrylate), poly(4-
(tert-butyl)phenyl methacrylate), poly(bornyl
5 methacrylate), poly(β -(N-carbadyl)ethyl methacrylate),
poly(tert-butyl crotonate), polyacrylonitrile,
polymethacrylonitrile, polyacrylamide, poly(N,N-
dimethylacrylamide), poly(N-(1,1-dimethyl-3-oxobutyl)-
acrylamide, poly(acrylopiperidine), poly(acrylo-
10 morpholide), poly(9-acryloylcarbazole), polymethacryl-
amide, polyacrolein, poly(α -methylacrolein),
poly(diacryloylmethane), poly(acrylic anhydride),
poly(methacrylic anhydride);
- polyethers, such as polyformaldehyde,
15 polyacetaldehyde, poly(mono-chloroacetaldehyde),
polychloral, polypropionaldehyde, polyacrolein,
poly(2-formyl- Δ^5 -dihydropyrane), poly(trans-1,2-
cyclohexanedicarboxyaldehyde), poly(glutardialdehyde),
poly(β -methylglutardialdehyde), poly(β -phenyl-
20 glutardialdehyde), poly(dimethylketene), polyacetone,
poly(monobromoacetone), poly(7-oxa-bicyclo[2,2,1]-
heptane), poly(3-phenoxylenes), poly(2,6-xylenol),
poly(ethylene oxide), poly(propylene oxide),
poly(cyclopentene oxide), poly(cyclohexene oxide),
25 poly(phenylglycidyl ether), poly(1,2-di(epoxyethyl)-
benzene), poly(3,3-bis(chloromethyl)oxetane),
poly(tetrahydrofuran);
- polysulfides, polysulfones, such as poly-
(thiocarboxylfluoride), poly(ethylenedichloride-sodium
30 tetrasulfide), poly(dichlorodiethyl ether-sodium
disulfide), poly(dichlorodiethyl ether-sodium
tetrasulfide), poly(phenylenesulfide), poly(ethylene-
sulfone), poly(propylenesulfone), poly(1-butenesulfone),
poly(5-norbornenesulfone), poly(styrenesulfone),
35 poly(1-pentylsulfone), poly(1-hexylsulfone), poly(1-
heptylsulfone), poly(butadienesulfone),

poly(isoprenesulfone), poly(dimethylbutadienesulfone),
poly(1,5-hexadienesulfone), poly(cis,cis-cyclo-
ocadienesulfone), poly(norbornadienesulfone);

various addition polymers, such as poly(methylene
5 diisocyanate), poly(ethylene diisocyanate), poly-
(trimethylene diisocyanate), poly(tetramethylene
diisocyanate), poly(5-iminohydantoin), poly(perfluoro-
glutarodinitrile), poly(1-(perfluorobutyl)aziridine);

formaldehyde resins, such as phenol-formaldehyde
10 resin, melamine-formaldehyde resin, urea-formaldehyde
resin, aniline-formaldehyde resin, p-toluene-
sulfonamide-formaldehyde resin;

polyesters, such as poly(11-oxyundecanoate),
poly(hexamethylene succinate), poly(hexamethylene
15 sebacate), poly(hexadecamethylene sebacate), poly-
(hexamethylene- α,α' -dibutylsebacate), poly(octamethylene
cis-hexahydroterephthalate), poly(decamethylene trans-
hexahydroterephthalate), poly(hexamethylene maleate),
poly(hexamethylene fumarate), poly(hexamethylene
20 acetylenedicarboxylate), poly(ethylene terephthalate),
poly(p-phenylene isophthalate), poly(4,4'-biphenylene
isophthalate), poly(hexamethylene carbonate), poly(p-
phenylene carbonate), poly(m-phenylene carbonate),
poly(4,4'-isopropylidenediphenylene carbonate),
25 poly(4,4'-(2-pentylene)diphenylene carbonate),
poly(1,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)carborane-adipic acid),
poly(allylsulfonate), poly(hydroquinone-aryloxy-
phosphoryl dichloride), poly(hydroquinone-(chloromethyl)-
phosphoryl dichloride), poly(hydroquinone-(N-dimethyl)-
30 phosphoramidic acid)dichloride;

polyamides, such as poly(isocyanate), poly(vinyl-
isocyanate), poly(butylisocyanate), poly(3-aminopropionic
acid), poly(6-aminopropionic acid), poly(11-amino-
undecanoic acid), poly(hexamethylene adipamide),
35 poly(decamethylene adipamide), poly(3,3'-(methylimino)-
bistrimethylene adipamide), poly(benzidine-isophthalic

- acid), poly(pyrromellitic dianhydride-aromatic diamine),
poly(1,6-hexamethylene-bis(carboxyethyl)sulfide),
poly(1,6-hexamethylenediamine-benzene-1,3-bis-sulfonic
acid chloride), poly(trans-2,5-dimethyl-piperazine-4,4'-
5 sulfonyl-dibenzoyl chloride), poly(bis(3-aminopropyl)-
phenylphosphine-adipic acid), poly(bis(3-aminopropyl)-
phenylphosphine-terephthalic acid), poly(bis(3-
aminopropyl)methylphosphine oxide-adipic acid),
poly(bis(3-aminopropyl)n-octylphosphine-adipic acid),
10 poly(bis(3-aminopropyl)phenylphosphine oxide-adipic
acid), poly(hexamethylenediamine-bis(2-carboxyethylene)-
phenylphosphine oxide), poly(hexamethylenediamine-
bis(p-carboxyphenyl)phenylphosphine oxide), poly-
(piperazine-bis(2-carboxyethyl)phenylphosphine oxide);
15 polyureas, polyurethanes, such as polyureas,
poly(1,10-decamethylenediamine-1,6-hexamethylene-bis-
ethylurethane), poly(diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate-
4,4'-diphenylmethane), poly(toluene-2,4-diisocyanate-
N,N'-bis(trimethylsilyl)-P,P'-diaminodiphenyl ether,
20 polyurethane, polyurethane poly(propyleneoxide) basis;
various linear condensed polymers, such as
poly(diethylcarbodiimide), poly(diallylcarbodiimide),
poly(di-n-butylcarbodiimide), poly(methylisopropyl-
carbodiimide), poly(di-n-hexylcarbodiimide), poly-
25 (diphenylcarbodiimide), poly(4,4'-diphenylenemethane-
carbodiimide), poly(hexamethylenecarbodiimide),
poly(1,3-xylylenecarbodiimide), poly(3-methyl-1,4-
phenylenecarbodiimide), poly(2,2'-dimethyl-biphenylene-
carbodiimide), poly(2,2'-dimethoxy-biphenylene-
30 carbodiimide), poly(1,5-naphthylenecarbodiimide),
poly(adipylldihydrazide-succinoyl chloride),
poly(adipylldihydrazide-isophthaloyl chloride),
poly(isophthalicdihydrazide-terephthaloyl chloride),
poly(2,5-dimethylbenzylene), poly(p-xylylene),
35 poly(2,5-dimethylxylylene), poly(2,5-dimethoxy-p-
xylylene), poly(p-xylylidene), poly(α -cyano-m-

xylylidine), poly(α -cyano-p-xylylidine), poly-(nitrophenylene), poly(tetramethyl-p-phenylenedimethylene), poly(2,5-dihydroxy-p-phenylenedimethylene), poly(4,4'-oxydiphenylenedimethylene), poly(2,5-dimethoxy-p-phenylenedimethylene);

heterocyclic condensed polymers, such as poly-(benzoimidazole), poly(alkylene-5,5'-dibenzoimidazole), poly(allylene-5,5'-dibenzoimidazole), poly(pyromellitimide), poly(benzoxazole), poly(oxadiazole), poly-(oxadiazolidine), poly(dithiazole), poly(benzothiazole), poly(1,4-xylenyl)-2-methylpyperazine), poly(quinoxaline), poly(5-triazinyleneimide);

natural polymers, modified natural polymers, such as natural rubber, cyclized rubber, hydrochloric acid rubber, chlorinated rubber, guttapercha, cellulose, methyl cellulose, ethyl cellulose, propyl cellulose, butyl cellulose, allyl cellulose, benzyl cellulose, hydroxyethyl cellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, cyanoethyl cellulose, cellulose triformate, cellulose acetate, cellulose triacetate, cellulose tripropionate, cellulose tributyrate, cellulose tricaproate, cellulose tricarbanilate, cellulose nitrate, cellulose trinitrate, starch, amylose, amylose acetate, amylose carbanilate, amylopectin, alginic acid, chitin, glycogen, gum arabic, gum tragacanth, heparine, pectin, rosin, kopal, shellac, casein, collagen(calf-skin), collagen(ichthyocol), gelatin, peanut-protein, soybean-protein, nucleic protein (calf thymus), nucleic protein (sperm of sea urchin), poly(sarcosine), sericin, silk, wool, zein, polyadenylic acid, deoxyribonucleic acid, ribonucleic acid; polysiloxanes, such as polysiloxane, polydimethylsiloxane;

organic metal polymers, such as poly(bis-(imidazolate)-metal(II)), poly(aluminumtriisopropylate-ethylenediamine); and

inorganic polymers such as polymetaphosphate, and

so on.

In the process of the present invention, the above-mentioned scaling preventive is applied on the inner wall surface of a polymerizer and the portions of the auxiliary polymerizer equipment where scales may be stuck, namely the portions which monomers may come into contact with during polymerization (including portions which monomers can possibly contact), for example, stirring blades, stirring shaft, condenser, header, baffles, search coil, bolts, nuts, etc. Preferably, the scaling preventive is further applied on the portions of recovery system of unreacted monomers where scales may be stuck, for example, the inner surfaces of monomer distillation columns, condensers, monomer storage tanks, valves, etc.

The materials of the above polymerizer and portions of the auxiliary polymerizer equipment are not particularly limited, but such a material as stainless steel or a material applied with glass lining may be available. These portions where coating is to be applied should preferably have a surface roughness (R_{max} as defined by JIS B 0106) of 10 μm or less, more preferably 5 μm or less.

The method for applying the scaling preventive on the inner surface of a polymerizer, etc. as mentioned above is not particularly limited, and may be inclusive typically of the brush coating, spray coating, the method of filling the polymerizer with a coating solution followed by withdrawal thereof, and otherwise the automatic coating methods as disclosed in Japanese Laid-open Patent Publication (Kokai) Nos. 61001/1982, 36288/1980, Japanese Laid-open Patent Publication (Kohyo) Nos. 501116/1981, 501117/1981 and Japanese Laid-open

Patent Publication (Kokai) No. 11303/1984.

- The process of the present invention is applicable for homopolymerization of vinyl chloride monomer and copolymerization of vinyl chloride monomer with other vinyl monomers in an aqueous medium. The system of polymerization may be either suspension polymerization or emulsion polymerization. Vinyl monomers which can be provided for copolymerization may be exemplified by vinyl esters such as vinyl acetate, vinyl propionate, acrylic acid, methacrylic acid or their esters or salts, maleic acid or fumaric acid, and their esters or anhydrides, diene monomers such as butadiene, chloroprene or isoprene, further styrene, acrylonitrile, vinylidene halide, vinyl ether, etc.
- 15 In the suspension and emulsion polymerizations, the polymerization catalysts generally employed are, for example, organic peroxides such as t-butylperoxyneodecanate, di-2-ethylhexylperoxydicarbonate, 3,5,5-trimethylhexanoylperoxide, α -cumylperoxyneodecanoate, cumene hydroperoxide, cyclohexanoneperoxide, t-butylperoxypivalate, di-2-ethoxyethylperoxydicarbonate, benzoyl peroxide, lauroyl peroxide, 2,4-dichlorobenzoyl peroxide, diisopropylperoxydicarbonate and acetyl-
20 cyclohexylperoxide, etc., azo catalysts such as α, α' -azobisisobutyronitrile, α, α' -azobis-2,4-dimethylvaleronitrile, water soluble persulfates such as potassium persulfate, ammonium persulfate, etc. Also, as a dispersant, there may be employed, for example, suspending agents such as natural or synthetic polymeric
25 compounds, e.g., partially saponified product of polyvinyl acetate, polyacrylic acid, copolymer of vinyl acetate and maleic anhydride, cellulose derivative such as hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose and gelatin; emulsifiers as exemplified by nonionic emulsifiers such as sorbitane

monolaurate, sorbitane trioleate, anionic emulsifiers such as sodium laurylsulfonate, sodium alkylbenzenesulfonate. As other additives, fillers such as calcium carbonate, titanium oxide, etc., stabilizers such as
5 tribasic lead sulfate, calcium stearate, dibutyltin laurate, dioctyltin mercaptide, etc., lubricants such as lice wax, stearic acid, cetyl alcohol, etc., plasticizers such as DOP, DBP, etc., chain transfer agents such as trichloroethylene, mercaptans, etc. and
10 pH controllers may be added into the polymerization system. According to the process of the present invention, irrespectively of which catalysts, dispersants or additives may be employed, scaling can effectively be prevented in any polymerization system.

15 The present invention is described in more detail below by referring to the following Examples, by which the scope of the present invention is not limited.

(Note: In the following Examples, Experiment Nos. 218 to 300 are skipped.)

20 Example 1

As shown in Table 1, for each experiment, a dye or a pigment was dissolved or dispersed in a solvent, optionally with the addition of an inorganic compound or a polymeric compound as shown in the same Table to
25 prepare a coating solution. The formulation ratio of the inorganic compound or the polymeric compound and the concentration of the dye or pigment in the coating solution are also shown in Table 1. The coating solution was applied on the polished inner wall surface of a
30 stainless steel polymerizer of an inner volume of 1000 liters and the portions which may contact with monomers such as stirrer, dried at 80°C for 10 minutes and then thoroughly washed with water.

Next, the thus coated polymerizer was charged with 200 Kg of vinyl chloride monomer, 400 Kg of deionized water, 44 g of partially saponified Poval, 56 g of hydroxy-propylmethyl cellulose and 60 g of t-butylperoxy-neodecanate, and polymerization was carried out at 52°C for 7 hours. After completion of polymerization, the polymer was taken out and the polymerizer was washed internally with water at a flow rate of $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{hr}$ as shown in Table 1. The above operations from coating and charging to washing with water were conducted for each batch and this was repeated for a maximum of 200 batches.

The chloride ion concentration in the reaction mixture during polymerization in each experiment was controlled by changing the contents of the methyl chloride and hydrochloric acid components contained in the starting vinyl chloride monomer, the temperature of the charged deionized water (in the range of from 10 to 80°C) and the degree of vacuum after charging of deionized water and the suspending agent (-750 to -100 mmHg). Various starting vinyl monomer materials with different contents of methyl chloride and hydrochloric acid were prepared by mixing two kinds of vinyl chloride monomers, namely (1) one containing 40 to 50 ppm of methyl chloride and 0 to 2 ppm of hydrochloric acid and (2) the other containing 1000 to 3000 ppm of methyl chloride and 1 to 10 ppm of hydrochloric acid at various weight ratios within the range of from 80:100 to 20:0.

After completion of polymerization of each batch, the chloride ion concentration in the slurry was measured according to the method defined by JIS K 0102 (1974). The average value and the maximum and minimum values of their measured values are shown for each experiment in Table 1.

Also, scaling after completion of each batch of the 10th, 30th, 50th, 100th, 150th and 200th batch was evaluated by visually according to the standards shown below, and the amount of scales adhering (g/m^2) was also measured after completion of the final batch. The results are also shown in Table 1.

- A: no sticking of scale
- B: several percent sticking of sandy scales
- C: scales sticking thinly over part of the surface
(about 10% sticking percentage)
- D: scales sticking thickly over part of the surface
(about 10% sticking percentage)
- E: scales sticking thinly over part of the surface
(about 50% sticking percentage)
- F: scales sticking thickly over part of the surface
(about 50% sticking percentage)
- G: scales sticking thinly over the entire surface
- H: scales sticking thickly over the entire surface

In Table 1, the Experiment numbers marked with an asterisk (*) indicate Comparative examples. In particular, Experiment Nos. 1 and 2 are examples in which the inner wall surface of the polymerizer was subjected to no treatment with any compound. Also, the coating solution employed in Experiment Nos. 33 and 34 was prepared by dissolving one part of sodium sulfide in 100 parts of water and adding 0.5 part of a dye to the resultant solution, followed by heating at 80°C for 30 minutes.

Table 1 (1)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution							
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	Solvent	
	Kind	Mixing ratio					Kind	Mixing ratio
1*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3*	Solvent Black 5	-	-	-	-	0.5	Methanol	
4*	"	-	-	-	-	"	"	
5*	"	-	-	-	-	"	"	
6*	"	-	Colloidal silica	100/50	-	0.9	"	
7*	"	-	"	100/150	Shellac resin	100/50	"	
8*	"	-	CuCl ₂	100/2	-	0.5	"	
9*	-	-	Colloidal silica	0/100	-	0.5	"	
10*	Solvent Black 7	-	FeCl ₂	100/5	-	0.5	"	
11*	Acid Black 2	-	Colloidal silica	100/200	-	0.9	"	
12*	Basic Orange 14	-	Water glass	100/150	-	1.0	Water/ Isobutyl alcohol	90/10

Table I (1) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
1*	300 350-280	60	H(1000)						
2*	15 17-12	"	H(900)						
3*	300 350-270	"	B	F	H(800)				
4*	200 250-180	"	B	F	H(500)				
5*	150 180-130	"	B	C	F	H(300)			
6*	250 280-200	"	B	D	F	H(300)			
7*	300 340-270	"	B	C	F	H(200)			
8*	280 310-250	"	B	C	F	H(350)			
9*	15 17-12	"	H(900)						
10*	230 280-200	"	B	C	F	H(250)			
11*	250 290-210	"	B	C	F	H(220)			
12*	230 280-200	"	B	C	F	H(400)			

Table 1 (2)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution						
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
	Kind	Mixing ratio					
13*	Acid Blue 102/Basic Orange 14	70/30	Orthosilicic acid	100/200	-		1.5 Water
14*	Basic Red 2		$\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$ sol	100/50	-		1.0 Methanol
15*	Basic Black 2		FeCl_2	100/3	-		0.5 "
16*	Basic Orange 2		Colloidal silica	100/100	-		1.0 Water
17*	Basic Brown 1		$\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$ sol	100/10	-		0.5 "
18*	Acid Black 2		-		-		0.5 "
19*	Disperse Black 29		-		-		0.7 Acetone
20*	Mordant Black 9		-		-		0.5 Water
21	Basic Black 8		-		-		0.5 "
22	Basic Brown 1		-		-		0.6 Water/ Isobutyl alcohol 90/10
23	Basic Brown 1		$\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$ sol	100/10	-		0.6 " 90/10
24	Basic Orange 2		Colloidal silica	100/100	-		0.8 Water

Table 1 (2) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
13*	260 290-230	60	B	C	F	H(350)			
14*	270 320-250	"	B	C	G	H(400)			
15*	230 290-210	"	B	C	F	H(300)			
16*	250 300-220	"	B	C	F	H(450)			
17*	300 350-280	"	B	F	H(400)				
18*	310 370-290	"	B	F	H(600)				
19*	265 315-245	"	B	F	H(700)				
20*	285 335-265	"	B	F	H(500)				
21	15 18-13	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)	
22	18 21-16	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(16)	
23	16 18-15	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.2)	
24	13 15-10	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)	

Table 1 (3)

Coating Solution										
(1) Exp. No.	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Solvent		Mixing ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio						Kind	Mixing ratio	
25	Basic Red 32		-		-		0.3	Water		
26	Disperse Orange 5		-		-		0.5	Acetone		
27	Disperse Violet 10		-		-		0.9	"		
28	Disperse Black 29		-		-		1.0	"		
29	Pigment Brown 4		-			Polycyclohexylethylene 100/50	1.5	Methanol		
30	Solvent Yellow 61/ Basic Blue 44	50/50	-		-		0.8	Water/ Methanol		70/30
31	Solvent Brown 37/ Vat Blue 6	40/60	-		-		0.6	"		50/50
32	Vat Orange 15		-		-		0.7	Xylene		
33	Vat Green 44		-		-		0.5	Water		
34	Vat Brown 22		-		-		0.5	"		
35	Vat Orange 1/ Vat Blue 19	30/70	-		-		1.0	Xylene		
36	Basic Blue 7		NiCl ₂	100/20	-		1.2	Water/n- Amyl alcohol		80/20

Table 1 (3) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
25	14 16-13	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
26	10 12-8	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(9.5)		
27	11 13-9	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
28	12 14-10	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(7)		
29	18 20-16	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(8)		
30	16 18-14	15	A	A	A	A	B	C(9)		
31	20 22-18	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)		
32	9 11-7	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(7.5)		
33	5 7-3	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(6.4)		
34	15 17-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
35	13 15-10	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)		
36	12 14-11	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)		

Coating Solution								
(1) Exp. No.	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	Solvent	
	Kind	Mixing ratio					Kind	Mixing ratio
37	Basic Orange 14		Water glass	100/150	-		0.9	Water
38	Pigment Blue 15		-		Polycyclopentadiene	100/100	0.8	THF
39	Pigment Red 87		-		Poly(1,3-cyclo-hexadiene	100/30	0.8	Acetone
40	Solvent Blue 73		-		-		0.4	Methanol
41	Solvent Red 49		-		-		0.7	"
42	Solvent Red 49		Colloid of sulfur	100/5	-		0.7	"
43	Basic Orange 15		-		-		1.3	Water
44	Solvent Black 5		CuCl ₂	100/2	-		0.7	Water/ Methanol
45	Basic Black 2		FeCl ₂	100/0	-		0.8	Water
46	Basic Blue 3		Metasillic acid	100/100	-		1.5	"
47	Basic Blue 9		-		-		0.8	"
48	Basic Red 13		-		-		0.4	Water/n- Butyl alcohol

Table 1 (4) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Sealing						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m^2)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
37	9 11-7	15	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.6)
38	10 12-8	"	A	A	A	A	B	C	C(9)
39	13 15-10	"	A	A	A	B	C	D	D(17)
40	8 10-5	10	A	A	A	A	B	C	C(10)
41	10 12-8	"	A	A	A	A	B	C	C(11)
42	15 17-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.8)
43	14 16-12	"	A	A	A	A	B	C	C(8)
44	13 15-11	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.2)
45	15 17-12	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.3)
46	17 19-15	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)
47	15 17-12	"	A	A	A	A	B	C	C(6.4)
48	16 18-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D	D(18)

Table 1 (5)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
49	Solvent Black 5		Colloidal silica	100/50	-	0.6
50	Direct Orange 57		-		-	0.7
51	Direct Orange 57		Colloid of stannic acid	100/10	-	0.7
52	Direct Red 1/Direct Blue 158	50/50	-		-	0.4
53	Direct Green 8		-		-	0.6
54	Direct Brown 25		-		-	0.5
55	Direct Brown 25		ZnCl ₂	100/20	-	0.5
56	Acid Yellow 11		-		-	0.8
57	Acid Red 37		-		-	0.4
58	Acid Blue 60/Acid Black 7		Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/20	-	0.7
59	Mordant Red 9		-		-	0.8
60	Mordant Green 15		-		-	1.0

Water/
Methanol

Water

50/50

Water/n-
Butyl
alcohol

Water

Table 1 (5) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m^2)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
49	18 20-15	10	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.6)	
50	15 17-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)		
51	10 13-8	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.9)		
52	5 7-3	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(7)		
53	16 18-14	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(9)		
54	13 15-10	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)		
55	11 13-9	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.9)		
56	14 16-11	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
57	10 12-7	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
58	9 11-6	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.2)		
59	7 9-4	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(9)		
60	18 20-15	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)		

Table 1 (6)

Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
61	Solvent Black 30		-		Polyacrylamide	100/60
62	Mordant Black 9		-		-	1.6
63	Acid Green 12		-		-	0.6
64	Acid Green 12		Co (CH ₃ -COO) ₂	100/15	-	0.4
65	Acid Violet 78		-		-	0.4
66	Acid Blue 151		-		-	0.8
67	Solvent Red 109		-		Polycyclopentylethyl	0.6
68	Acid Black 159		Metasillicic acid	100/300	-	0.3
69	Mordant Black 13		-		-	1.6
70	Acid Red 80/ Food Blue 1	40/60	ZnCl ₂	100/2	-	0.8
71	Acid Blue 74		-		-	0.5
72	Acid Blue 74		Colloid of molybdenum oxide	100/20	-	0.6

Solvent

Mixing ratio

Kind

Water/
Methanol

Water

"

"

"

"

Water/
Methanol

Water/
Isobutyl
alcohol

Water

"

"

"

"

Table 1 (6) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
61	17 19-14	15	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.5)	
62	9 11-6	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)	
63	18 20-15	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)	
64	15 18-13	10	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.6)	
65	15 17-12	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)	
66	13 15-10	10	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.2)	
67	11 13-7	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.5)	
68	14 16-11	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.3)	
69	12 14-9	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)	
70	18 20-15	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)	
71	19 21-16	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	
72	14 17-12	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.4)	

Table 1 (7)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
73	Direct Blue 86		-		-	0.8
74	Mordant Blue 58		-		-	1.0
75	Solvent Black 3		Colloidal silica	100/50	-	0.6
76	Acid Green 9		-		-	0.5
77	Mordant Violet 15		-		-	0.7
78	Mordant Violet 15		Al(OH) ₃ sol	100/2	-	0.7
79	Pigment Green 2		-		Polyallene	100/100
80	Pigment Violet 1		-		Cellulose acetate	100/30
81	Food Red 14		-		-	0.2
82	Acid Black 2		Colloidal silica	100/200	-	0.7
83	Acid Blue 59		-		-	0.5
84	Direct Blue 106		-		-	0.5

Water/

Methanol

Water

Water

Water

Water/n-

Amyl

alcohol

Water

"

Table 1 (7) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
73	17 19-14	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)	
74	20 22-18	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)	
75	14 16-11	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.4)	
76	15 17-12	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)	
77	13 15-10	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)	
78	13 16-11	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)	
79	14 16-11	15	A	A	A	A	B	C(9)	
80	9 11-6	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)	
81	7 9-4	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	
82	5 7-3	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)	
83	12 14-9	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.5)	
84	16 18-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)	

Table 1 (8)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution						
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
	Kind	Mixing ratio					
85	Direct Blue 108		-		-		0.8
86	Acid Blue 102/ Basic Orange 14	80/20	Orthosilicic acid	100/200	-		0.5
87	Solvent Black 5		Colloidal silica	100/150	Shellac resin	100/50	1.0
88	Solvent Black 5		-		-		0.5
89	Basic Red 2		Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/50	-		0.8
90	Solvent Black 7		FeCl ₂	100/5	-		0.5
							Water
							Water/ Isobutyl alcohol
							Methanol
							95/5

Table 1 (8) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
85	20 22-7	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	
86	15 17-12	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.2)	
87	14 16-11	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.3)	
88	12 14-9	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)	
89	15 17-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.9)	
90	14 16-10	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)	

Notes: (1) * comparative examples

(2) Dye or pigment concentration in coating solution.

(3) Chloride ion concentration in slurry after completion of polymerization

(4) Flow rate of water 0.1 m³/m²h

Example 2

- As shown in Table 2, for each experiment, a dye or a pigment was dissolved or dispersed in a solvent, optionally with the addition of an inorganic compound or a polymeric compound as shown in the same Table to prepare a coating solution. The formulation ratio of the inorganic compound and the polymeric compound and the concentration of dye or pigment in the coating solution are also shown in Table 2. The coating solution was applied on the polished inner wall surface of a stainless steel polymerizer of an inner volume of 1000 liters and the portions which may contact with monomers such as stirrer, dried at 70°C for 20 minutes and then thoroughly washed with water.
- Next, the thus coated polymerizer was charged with 200 Kg of vinyl chloride monomer, 400 Kg of deionized water, 2.2 Kg of sodium lauryl sulfate, 3.2 Kg of cetyl alcohol and 300 g of α, α' -azobis-2,4-dimethylvaleronitrile, and polymerization was carried out at 50°C for 10 hours.
- After completion of polymerization, the polymer was taken out and the polymerizer was washed internally with water at a flow rate of $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{hr}$, as shown in Table 2. The above operations from coating and charging to washing with water were conducted for each batch and this was repeated for a maximum of 200 batches.

The chloride ion concentration was controlled and the scaling was evaluated similarly as described in Example 1. The conditions and the results are shown in Table 2.

- In Table 2, the Experiment numbers marked with an asterisk (*) indicate Comparative examples. In particular, Experiment Nos. 91 and 92 are examples in which the inner wall surface of the polymerizer was

subjected to no treatment with any compound. Also, the coating solution employed in Experiment Nos. 104 and 149 was prepared by dissolving one part of sodium sulfide in 100 parts of water and adding 0.5 part of a dye to
5 the resultant solution, followed by heating at 80°C for 30 minutes.

Table 2 (1)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution						
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
	Kind	Mixing ratio					
91*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
92*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
93*	Acid Green 16	-	-	-	-	-	0.5 Water/ Isobutyl alcohol 90/10
94*	"	-	12-Silicotungstic acid	100/150	-	-	0.5 Water
95*	Acid Green 40	-	Colloidal silica	100/100	-	-	1.0 Methanol
96*	-	-	"	0/100	-	-	1.0 Water
97*	Acid Black 2	-	Silicomolybdic acid	100/100	-	-	1.0 "
98*	Solvent Black 5	-	-	-	-	-	0.5 Methanol
99*	"	-	CuCl ₂	100/10	-	-	0.5 "
100*	Basic 47	-	Water glass	100/200	-	-	0.8 Water
101*	Pigment Blue 25/ Solvent Black 3	50/50	Colloidal silica	100/400	-	-	2.0 Water/ Methanol 10/90
102*	Solvent Red 8	-	-	-	-	-	0.5 Methanol

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m^2)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
91*	300 260-320	60	H(1400)						
92*	13 8-17	"	H(1200)						
93*	290 260-310	"	G	H(1100)					
94*	300 260-320	"	B	C	F	H(900)			
95*	350 310-390	"	B	C	F	H(800)			
96*	15 11-19	"	H(1200)						
97*	280 260-290	"	B	C	F	H(700)			
98*	300 260-320	"	B	F	H(1000)				
99*	300 260-320	"	B	C	F	H(950)			
100*	270 240-280	"	B	C	F	H(750)			
101*	320 270-350	"	B	C	F	H(650)			
102*	300 270-320	"	B	F	H(1000)				

Table 2 (2)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
103* Pigment Red 81			-		Polystyrene	100/40 1.2 Toluene
104* Sulfur Brown 7			Colloidal silica	100/60		1.0 Water -
105 Disperse Red 12			-		-	0.5 Acetone
106 Acid Red 8			-		-	0.8 Water
107 Basic Blue 64			-		-	0.7 "
108 Pigment Blue 25/ Solvent Black 3		50/50	Colloidal silica	100/400	-	1.8 Water/ Methanol 10/90
109 Mordant Green 15			-		-	0.4 Water
110 Solvent Red 8			-		-	0.5 Methanol
111 Solvent Red 8			Colloid of vanadium pentoxide	100/3	-	0.5 "
112 Acid Yellow 99			-		-	0.3 Water
113 Solvent Orange 40			-		Poly(4-vinylpyridine)	100/100 1.0 Methanol
114 Basic Blue 47			Water glass	100/200	-	0.8 Water

Table 2 (2) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling									
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)									
			Batch No.									
			10	30	50	100	150	200				
103*	250 220-280	60	B	F	H(900)							
104*	300 270-320	"	B	F	H(950)							
105	13 9-18	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)				
106	15 11-20	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)				
107	14 9-18	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(58)				
108	17 13-21	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)				
109	10 6-14	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)				
110	15 11-19	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)				
111	10 8-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)				
112	5 3-7	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(60)				
113	9 5-13	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)				
114	16 13-18	15	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)				

Table 2 (3)

Coating Solution									
(1) Exp. No.	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Solvent	
	Kind	Mixing ratio						Kind	Mixing ratio
115	Vat Black 25/Disperse Violet 30	60/40	-		Poly(N-vinylcarbazole)	100/70	0.7	Methanol	
116	Solvent Blue 35		Mesosillicic acid	100/20			0.5	"	
117	Direct Red 9		-				0.8	Water/n-Butyl alcohol	80/20
118	Acid Green 40		Colloidal silica	100/100			1.0	Water/Methanol	40/60
119	Acid Red 82		-				1.0	"	50/50
120	Solvent Black 5		CuCl ₂	100/10			0.6	"	30/70
121	Solvent Black 5		-				0.4	Methanol	
122	Vat Blue 41		-				0.4	Xylene	
123	Solubilized Vat Black 1		Mesodisillicic acid	100/300			0.7	Water	
124	Vat Violet 3		-				0.5	Xylene	
125	Pigment Green 37		-		Polyvinylmethylether	100/40	1.0	Methylene chloride	
126	Mordant Green 58		-				1.2	Water	

Table 2 (3) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
115	8 6-11	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
116	15 10-18	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.5)		
117	9 5-12	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
118	16 13-19	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.5)		
119	8 5-10	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(59)		
120	7 5-9	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)		
121	20 15-23	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(5)		
122	11 8-14	10	A	A	B	C	D	F(55)		
123	7 6-8	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.5)		
124	15 11-17	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
125	16 11-18	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)		
126	19 12	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		

Table 2 (4)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution						
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
	Kind	Mixing ratio					
127	Solvent Black 7		Mesotetrasilicic acid	100/100	-		1.0 Methylene chloride
128	Basic Orange 2		Metasilicic acid	100/40	-		0.8 Water
129	Basic Yellow 2		-		-		0.4 "
130	Basic Blue 40		-		-		0.6 "
131	Acid Green 16		12-Silicotungstic acid	100/150	-		0.5 "
132	Basic Orange 14		-		-		1.0 Water/ Isobutyl alcohol
133	Basic Orange 14		MgCl ₂	100/10	-		1.0 " 90/10
134	Pigment Red 81		-		-	Polystyrene	1.2 Toluene
135	Acid Red 87		-		-		0.8 Water
136	Acid Blue 59/ Solvent Blue 73	30/70	-		-		0.8 Water/ Methanol 40/60
137	Acid Black 2		Silicomolybdic . acid	100/100	-		1.0 Water
138	Basic Blue 3		-		-		2.0 "

Table 2 (4) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
127	14 10-18	10	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)	
128	18 15-21	15	A	A	A	A	A	B(4)	
129	11 9-14	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)	
130	17 15-19	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)	
131	10 8-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)	
132	14 11-16	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(60)	
133	11 9-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.5)	
134	12 9-14	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(59)	
135	9 7-11	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(57)	
136	12 10-14	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(6)	
137	11 9-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)	
138	19 15-23	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(60)	

Table 2 (5)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution						
	Dye or pigment (a) Kind		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	
						(2) conc. %	Solvent Kind Mixing ratio
139	Direct Blue 106		-		-	0.4	Water
140	Acid Yellow 3		Sodium orthosilicate	100/20	-	1.2	"
141	Basic Blue 24		-		-	0.8	"
142	Basic Red 27		Water glass	100/200	-	0.3	"
143	Disperse Yellow 54		-		Polystyrene	100/30	Toluene
144	Acid Yellow 1		-		-	0.8	Water/ Isoamyl alcohol
145	Acid Yellow 1		Zn (CH ₃ -COO) ₂	100/5	-	0.8	Water
146	Disperse Blue 58		-		-	0.5	Acetone
147	Pigment Red 123		-		Poly(1-nitropropylene)	100/50	DMF
148	Vat Orange 15		-		-	0.8	Xylene
149	Sulfur Red 3		-		-	1.0	Water
150	Solubilized Sulfur Blue 15		-		-	0.7	"

Table 2 (5) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling									
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)									
			Batch No.									
			10	30	50	100	150	200				
139	13 10-15	15	A	A	A	A	A	F(60)				
140	10 8-12	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)				
141	9 6-11	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(56)				
142	14 10-18	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.5)				
143	17 15-19	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)				
144	12 9-14	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(59)				
145	12 9-14	10	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.0)				
146	10 8-12	15	A	A	B	C	D	F(57)				
147	13 10-15	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)				
148	9 5-11	10	A	A	B	C	D	F(57)				
149	20 15-23	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)				
150	17 5-19	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(53)				

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Table 2 (6)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
151	Sulfur Brown 7		Colloidal silica	100/60	-	2.0 Water
152	Fluorescent Brightening Agent 163		-		-	0.8 "
153	Fluorescent Brightening Agent 90		-		-	0.8 "
154	Azoic Black 1		Metasillicic acid	100/50	-	1.0 "
155	Reactive Blue 8		-		-	0.6 "
156	Reactive Black 18		-		-	0.6 Water/ Isobutyl alcohol 80/20
157	Reactive Black 18		Colloid of manganese dioxide	100/2	-	0.6 Water

Table 2 (6) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
151	16 14-19	10	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.5)	
152	11 8-14	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)	
153	6 3-8	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(54)	
154	13 10-15	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)	
155	10 9-11	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(16)	
156	15 12-17	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	
157	14 11-17	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)	

Notes: (1) * comparative examples

(2) Dye or pigment concentration in coating solution.

(3) Chloride ion concentration in slurry after completion of polymerization

(4) Flow rate of water 0.1 m³/m²h

Table 3 (1)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution						
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
	Kind	Mixing ratio					
158*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
159*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
160* Solvent Black 7	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	Methanol
161* "	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	THF
162* Basic Orange 2	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	Water
163* Solvent Black 5	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	Methanol
164* "	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	"
165* Acid Black 2	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	Water/ Methanol
166* Basic Orange 14	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	Methanol
167* -	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	Water
168* Solvent Blue 2	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	Methanol
169* Vat Violet 2	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	Xylene

Table 3 (2)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution						
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
	Kind	Mixing ratio					
170	Solvent Black 7		-		Polytetrahydrofuran	100/30	0.6
171	Solvent Black 7		-		-		0.5
172	Pigment Red 17		-		Polyphenylacetylene		0.8
173	Direct Blue 86			100/20	-		0.8
174	Basic Orange 2		Colloidal silica	100/100	-		1.0
175	Direct Black 74		-		-		0.5
176	Solvent Red 121		-		-		0.6
177	"		Colloid of lithium silicate	100/100	-		0.6
178	Solvent Black 5		-		Shellac resin	100/50	0.8
179	Vat Black 8		-		-		0.6
180	Mordant Black 13		Metasilicic acid	100/200	-		0.7
181	Solvent Blue 36		-		-		0.4

Solvent
Kind
Mixing
ratio

THF

Methanol

"

Water

Water/n-
Butyl
alcohol

Water

Methanol

"

"

Acetone

Water

Methanol

Table 3 (2) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
170	17 19-14	10	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.3)	
171	16 18-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)	
172	10 12-7	"	A	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)	
173	16 18-12	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)	
174	11 13-7	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)	
175	9 11-6	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
176	13 15-10	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)		
177	17 20-15	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.9)	
178	18 20-15	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.6)	
179	12 14-9	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)		
180	9 11-5	"	A	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.9)	
181	6 8-3	"	A	A	A	A	B	C	C(10)	

Table 3 (3)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
182	Acid Red 80/ Basic Orange 2	80/20	-	-	-	0.8
183	Solvent Black 5		Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/10	-	1.0
184	Reduced Vat Blue 1		-	-	-	0.6
185	Vat Violet 2		-	-	-	0.4
186	Mordant Green 29		-	-	-	0.3
187	Solvent Blue 2		-	-	-	0.7
188	"		CoCl ₂	100/1	-	0.7
189	Food Red 14		-	-	-	0.8
190	"		AlCl ₃	100/1	-	0.8
191	Acid Black 2		Water glass	100/100	-	1.5
192	Solvent Yellow 33		-	-	-	0.8
						Water/ Isobutyl alcohol
						Water

Table 3 (3) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
182	13 15-10	10	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)		
183	11 13-6	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)		
184	18 20-15	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)		
185	14 19-14	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)		
186	19 21-16	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
187	20 22-17	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)		
188	20 22-18	10	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)		
189	12 14-9	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(16)		
190	12 14-9	10	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)		
191	5 7-3	15	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)		
192	16 18-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)		

Table 3 (4)

(1)		Coating Solution					
Exp. No.	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
	Kind	Mixing ratio					
193	Basic Orange 14		Metasillicic acid	100/500	-		1.5
194	Acid Brown 161		-		-		0.6
195	Sulfur Blue 9		-		-		0.7
196	Fluorescent Brightening Agent 14		-		-		0.4
197	Reactive Green 8		-		-		0.5
198	Azoic Yellow 2		-		-		0.5
199	"		CoCl ₂	100/5	-		0.5
							Water/sec-Butyl alcohol
							Water
							"
							"
							"
							Methanol
							"

Table 3 (4) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm		(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m^2) Batch No.										
								10	30	50	100	150	200	
								A	A	A	A	A	A	
193	11 13-8		15						A	A	A	A	A	A(0.9)
194	17 19-14		"						A	A	A	B	C	D(20)
195	14 16-11		"						A	A	A	A	B	C(10)
196	8 10-5		"						A	A	A	B	C	D(19)
197	16 18-12		"						A	A	A	B	C	D(15)
198	9 11-6		"						A	A	A	B	C	D(16)
199	13 16-11		10						A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)

- Notes: (1) * comparative examples
 (2) Dye or pigment concentration in coating solution.
 (3) Chloride ion concentration in slurry after completion of polymerization
 (4) Flow rate of water 0.1 m³/m²h

Example 4

- As shown in Table 4, for each experiment, a dye or a pigment was dissolved or dispersed in a solvent, optionally with the addition of an inorganic compound or a polymeric compound as shown in the same Table to prepare a coating solution. The formulation ratio of the inorganic compound or the polymeric compound and the concentration of the dye or pigment in the coating solution are also shown in Table 4. The coating solution was applied on the polished inner wall surface of a stainless steel polymerizer of an inner volume of 1000 liters and the portions which may contact with monomers such as stirrer, dried at 80°C for 10 minutes and then thoroughly washed with water.
- Next, the thus coated polymerizer was charged with 200 Kg of vinyl chloride monomer, 400 Kg of deionized water, 40 g of a partially saponified polyvinyl alcohol, 60 g of hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose and 80 g of di-2-ethylhexylperoxycarbonate, and polymerization was carried out at 57°C for 7 hours. After completion of polymerization, the polymer was taken out and the polymerizer was washed internally with water at a flow rate of $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{hr}$, as shown in Table 4. The above operations from coating and charging to washing with water were conducted for each batch and this was repeated for a maximum of 200 batches.

The chloride ion concentration was controlled and the scaling was evaluated similarly as described in Example 1. Also, the numbers of fish eyes in the products obtained from the polymers produced in the 10th, 30th, 50th, 100th, 150th and 200th batches in each experiment were measured as follows. A mixture of 100 parts by weight of a polymer obtained by dehydrating and drying

the slurry after polymerization, 50 parts by weight of DOP, 1 part by weight of dibutyltin laurate, 1 part by weight of cetyl alcohol, 0.25 part by weight of titanium oxide and 0.05 part by weight of carbon black was kneaded
5 between two rolls at 150°C for 7 minutes and then formed into a sheet with a thickness of 0.2 mm. The number of fish eyes per 100 cm² contained in the sheet was examined according to the light transmission method. The conditions and the results are shown in Table 4.

10 In Table 4, the Experiment numbers marked with an asterisk (*) indicate Comparative examples. In particular, Experiment Nos. 185 and 186 are examples in which the inner wall surface of the polymerizer was subjected to no treatment with any compound.

Table 4 (1)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution						
	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) Polymeric compound (c)
	Kind	Mixing ratio					
200*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
201*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
202*	Solvent Black 7	-	-	-	-	-	0.5 Methanol
203*	"	-	Fe(OH) ₂ sol	100/20	-	-	0.5 Water/ Methanol
204*	Basic Orange 2/Solvent Black 3	60/40	-	-	-	-	0.8 " 50/50
205*	Solvent Black 5	-	Colloidal silica	100/80	-	-	0.8 Methanol
206*	Acid Black 2	-	Metasilicic acid	100/50	-	-	0.8 Water
207	Solvent Black 7	-	Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/20	-	-	0.5 Water/ Methanol
208	Basic Orange 2/Solvent Black 3	60/40	-	-	-	-	0.8 " 50/50
209	Solubilized Sulfur Brown 1	-	-	-	-	-	0.8 Water
210	Solvent Black 5	Colloidal silica	-	100/80	-	-	0.8 Methanol
211	Azoic Black 5	-	-	-	-	Shellac resin 100/100	1.0 "
212	Pigment Green 38	-	-	-	-	Ethylcellulose 100/40	1.4 Ethanol

Table 4 (1) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling										Fish eyes (number)				
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)														
			Batch No.														
			10	30	50	100	150	200	10	30	50	100	150	200			
200*	300 260-330	60	H(1000)											300			
201*	10 8-12	"	H(950)											280			
202*	290 250-310	"	B	F	H(700)									10 180 250			
203*	300 260-330	"	B	C	F	H(500)								13 50 60 100			
204*	280 240-300	"	B	F	H(650)									11 120 190			
205*	250 200-270	"	B	C	F	H(500)								18 40 80 120			
206*	260 210-290	"	B	C	F	H(560)								15 50 100 150			
207	14 10-16	15	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)						0 0 0 0 2 10			
208	10 8-12	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)						0 0 0 0 3 15			
209	12 9-14	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)						0 0 0 2 7 20			
210	8 6-10	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.2)						0 0 0 0 1 5			
211	13 15-10	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(9)						0 0 0 1 10 25			
212	18 20-11	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(12)						0 0 0 4 19			

Table 4 (2)

Coating Solution										
(1) Exp. No.	Dye or pigment (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Solvent		
	Kind	Mixing ratio						Kind	Mixing ratio	
213	Solvent Black 5		-		-		0.5	Methanol		
214	Basic Orange 14		-		-		0.9	Water/ Isobutyl alcohol	90/10	
215	Solvent Black 23		-		-		0.8	Methanol		
216	Solvent Blue 73		-		-		0.4	"		
217	Acid Black 2		Metasillicic acid	100/50	-		0.8	Water		

Example 5

- As shown in Table 5, for each experiment, a conjugated π bond compound was dissolved or dispersed in a solvent, optionally with the addition of an inorganic compound or a polymeric compound as shown in the same Table to prepare a coating solution. The formulation ratio of the inorganic compound or the polymeric compound and the concentration of the conjugated π bond compound in the coating solution are also shown in Table 5. The coating solution was applied on the polished inner wall surface of a stainless steel polymerizer of an inner volume of 1000 liters and the portions which may contact with monomers such as stirrer, dried at 70°C for 20 minutes and then thoroughly washed with water.
- Next, the thus coated polymerizer was charged with 200 Kg of vinyl chloride monomer, 400 Kg of deionized water, 44 g of a partially saponified polyvinyl alcohol, 56 g of hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose and 60 g of t-butylperoxyneodecanate, and polymerization was carried out at 52°C for 7 hours. After completion of polymerization, the polymer was taken out and the polymerizer was washed internally with water at a flow rate of $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{hr}$, as shown in Table 5. The above operations from coating and charging to washing with water were conducted for each batch and this was repeated for a maximum of 200 batches.

The chloride ion concentration was controlled and the scaling was evaluated similarly as described in Example 1. The conditions and the results are shown in Table 5.

- In Table 5, the Experiment numbers marked with an asterisk (*) indicate Comparative examples. In particular, Experiment Nos. 301 and 302 are examples

in which the inner wall surface of the polymerizer was subjected to no treatment with any compound. Also, the coating solution employed in Experiment Nos. 333 and 334 was prepared by dissolving one part of sodium sulfide
5 in 100 parts of water and adding 0.5 part of a dye to the resultant solution, followed by heating at 80°C for 30 minutes.

Table 5 (1)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution						
	Conjugated π bond compound Kind	Mixing ratio (a)	Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio (2)	Solvent Kind Mixing ratio
301*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
302*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
303* Rosaniline			-		-	0.5 Methanol	
304*	"		-		-	0.5 "	
305*	"		-		-	0.5 "	
306*	"		Colloidal silica	100/100	-	1.0 "	
307*	"		"	100/200	Shellac resin	100/20 1.5 "	
308*	-		"	0/100	-	1.0 Water	
309* Leucoquinizarin/ Solvent Black 7		90/10	Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/50	-	0.7 Water/ Methanol	20/80
310* Flavonol			-		-	0.8 Methanol	
311* Indigoazine			NiCl ₂	100/5	-	0.4 "	
312* Acridone			-		-	0.5 "	

Table 5 (1) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
301*	300 280-350	60	H(1000)						
302*	15 12-17	"	H(900)						
303*	300 270-350	"	B	F	H(850)				
304*	210 190-250	"	B	F	H(600)				
305*	140 120-180	"	B	F	H(500)				
306*	290 270-310	"	B	C	F	H(400)			
307*	240 220-300	"	B	C	F	H(350)			
308*	11 9-13	"	H(900)						
309*	280 260-330	"	B	C	F	H(350)			
310*	270 250-320	"	G	H(500)					
311*	290 270-350	"	G	H(300)					
312*	250 230-290	"	G	H(600)					

Table 5 (2)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
313*	2-Oxythiophanthrene		-		-	0.3 Methanol
314*	Phthalazine/ Acid Blue 59	50/50	-		-	0.5 "
315*	-		-		Shellac resin	0/100 1.0 "
316*	Carocyanine		-		-	0.7 "
317	2,2-Diphenylolpropane		-		-	0.7 "
318	Oxyanthraquinone/ Solvent Black 5	50/50	-		-	0.9 "
319	Rosaniline		Colloidal silica	100/100	-	0.6 Water/ Methanol 20/80
320	Rosaniline/Quinoline		-		Shellac resin	100/20 0.7 Methanol
321	4-Aminodiphenylamine		-		-	0.5 "
322	2-Aminophenazine		-		-	0.8 "
323	2-Aminodiphenylamine		-		-	0.4 "
324	7-Amino-4- methylcoumarine		-		-	0.7 "

Table 5 (2) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
313*	290 270-340	60	G	H(700)					
314*	270 250-320	"	G	H(350)					
315*	240 220-290	"	H(950)						
316*	220 200-280	"	G	H(550)					
317	13 10-15	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	
318	15 13-17	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)	
319	7 5-9	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.5)	
320	4 3-5	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)	
321	17 14-21	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)	
322	14 10-18	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(9)	
323	16 12-18	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	
324	13 10-17	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(22)	

Table 5 (3)

Coating Solution									
(1) Exp. No.	Conjugated π bond compound Kind	Mixing ratio (a)	Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Solvent Kind	Mixing ratio 40/60
325	Phenazinoxide/ Acid Black 2	40/60	Colloidal silica	100/200	-		0.5	Water/ Methanol	
326	Malonic acid bis(β - phenylhydrazine)		-		-		0.9	Methanol	
327	3,4-Benzoquinoline		-		-		0.7	"	
328	Benzoflavin		-		-		0.3	"	
329	Triphenylisooxazole		-		-		0.9	"	
330	Nitrodiphenylether		-		-		0.4	"	
331	Picene-5,6-quinone		-		-	Polypyridylacetylene 100/100	1.0	"	
332	Indoaniline		-		-		0.4	"	
333	Hydron Blue/ Basic Black 2	80/20	-		-		0.8	"	
334	Benzo[a]benzofuran		-		-		0.5	"	
335	3,4-Phthaloylfurazane		-		-		0.5	"	
336	3-Cinnamyl-2-methyl- 1,4-naphthoquinone		-		-		0.9	"	

Table 5 (3) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
325	11 8-14	15	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.2)		
326	9 7-12	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
327	12 8-15	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
328	10 7-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)		
329	15 11-17	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)		
330	20 16-22	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(21)		
331	14 10-16	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)		
332	7 5-9	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
333	10 8-12	10	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.3)		
334	8 6-10	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
335	16 13-18	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
336	10 8-12	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(24)		

Table 5 (4)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b)		Polymeric compound (c)
	Kind	Mixing ratio		weight ratio	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
337	Alizarine		-			0.4
338	Leucoquinizarin/ Solvent Black 7	90/10	Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/50		0.7
339	2,2'-Dianthraquinolyl		-			0.8
340	Anhydronium Base		-			0.2
341	Chromanol/ Basic Orange 14	20/80	-			0.5
342	Flavanol		-			0.8
343	Dicoumarol		-			1.0
344	Isoxanthone		-			1.2
345	1-Phenylpyrrole		-			0.8
346	3-Phenylindole		-			
347	Indigoazine		NiCl ₂	100/5		0.4
348	β -Isoindigo		-			0.6

Polyvinylisobutyral 100/20 Chloroform

Methanol

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

Table 5 (4) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
337	13 10-15	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(21)		
338	12 9-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)		
339	9 6-11	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
340	11 8-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
341	19 15-22	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.4)		
342	14 10-16	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
343	12 9-14	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)		
344	6 4-8	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
345	10 7-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(16)		
346	14 11-17	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)		
347	12 9-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.2)		
348	19 15-23	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)		

Table 5 (5)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Conjugated π bond compound Kind	Mixing ratio (a)	Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
349	1,1'-Dicarbazole		-		-	0.5 Methanol
350	Porphyrine/ Solvent Black 5	20/80	-		Polysarcosine	100/50 0.8 "
351	4-Phenylthiazole		-		-	0.4 "
352	4-Phenylimidazole		-		-	0.8 "
353	5-Phenylpyrazole		-		-	0.9 "
354	Phenylfuroxane		-		-	0.5 "
355	2-Phenyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole		-		-	0.7 Water/ Methanol 30/70
356	2-Phenyl-1,2,3-triazole		-		-	0.4 Methanol
357	1-Oxy-5-phenyltetrazole		-		-	0.8 "
358	4-Pyridyl-m- phenylenediamine		-		-	1.0 Acetone
359	Quinophthalone		-		-	0.3 Methanol
360	5-Iodoisoquinoline		-		-	0.6 "

Table 5 (5) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling									
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)									
			Batch No.									
			10	30	50	100	150	200				
349	7 5-10	15	A	A	A	A	C	D(20)				
350	8 6-11	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)				
351	14 10-16	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)				
352	12 9-14	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)				
353	10 7-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)				
354	12 9-14	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(55)				
355	15 12-18	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.1)				
356	8 5-10	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(53)				
357	14 11-17	10	A	A	B	C	D	F(56)				
358	7 5-9	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)				
359	10 8-12	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)				
360	12 10-14	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(56)				

Table 5 (6)

(1) Exp. No.	Conjugated π bond compound (a) Kind	Coating Solution					Solvent	
		Mixing ratio	Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Mixing ratio
361	9-Phenoxyacridine		-		-		0.5	Methanol
362	3-Oxyphenanthridinone		-		-		0.4	"
363	2-Benzoylcoumarone		-		-		0.8	"
364	Hydrovanilloyl/ Solvent Black 5	20/80	Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/5	-		0.5	"
365	1,3-Dioxyacridine		-		-		0.7	"
366	o-Oxybenzophenone/ Solvent Blue 73	70/30	-		-		0.8	"
367	2,5-Dioxybenzophenone		-		-		0.7	"
368	Acridone		-		-		0.5	"
369	2-Oxy-3-phenylindazole		-		-		0.5	"
370	Xanthene		-		-		0.6	"
371	2,4-Dinitro-9- phenylacridine		-		-		0.8	"
372	4,4'-Dibenzoyldiphenyl		-		-		0.4	"

Table 5 (6) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
361	15 12-18	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)		
362	20 17-23	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)		
363	13 10-16	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(54)		
364	16 14-19	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)		
365	12 9-15	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
366	9 5-11	15	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.3)		
367	17 14-20	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)		
368	11 8-14	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(13)		
369	12 9-15	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(16)		
370	8 5-10	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)		
371	5 3-7	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
372	12 9-14	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(16)		

Table 5 (7)

(1) Exp. No.	Conjugated π bond compound (a) Kind	Coating Solution					Solvent	
		Mixing ratio	Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Mixing ratio
373	Diaminobenzophenone		-		Butylcellulose	100/20	0.8	Ethanol
374	Tetramethoxyindigo/ Phenazoxide	60/40	Colloidal silica	100/200	-		0.8	Water/ Methanol
375	Terphenyl/1,4- diphenylnaphthalene	50/50	-		-		0.6	Methanol
376	Aminomethylnaphthalene		-		-		0.8	"
377	1-Iodonaphthalene		-		-		0.3	"
378	3,4-Benzcarbazole		-		-		0.5	"
379	α -Naphthol		-		-		0.7	"
380	Methylene-di- β - naphthol		-		-		0.4	"
381	2-Methoxynaphthalene		-		-		0.7	"
382	α, β -Naphthophenyxazine		-		-		0.8	"
383	2,6-Naphthoquinone/ Basic Red 2	70/30	-		-		0.5	"
384	2-Naphthalene-2'- indoleindigo		Colloidal silica	100/50	-		1.0	Water/ Methanol

Table 5 (7) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
373	8 5-10	15	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.8)	
374	14 11-17	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.6)	
375	17 14-20	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)	
376	11 7-15	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(58)	
377	16 14-18	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(57)	
378	10 7-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(15)	
379	15 13-17	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(53)	
380	8 5-10	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(52)	
381	15 11-18	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	
382	17 13-20	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)	
383	11 9-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.9)	
384	12 10-15	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.3)	

Table 5 (8)

Coating Solution								
(1) Exp. No.	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	Solvent	
	Kind	Mixing ratio					Kind	Mixing ratio
385	Naphthoanilide		-		-	0.3	Methanol	
386	α -Pyridonaphthalone/ Solvent Black 3	10/90	-		-	0.5	"	
387	α -Nitroso- β -naphthol		Colloidal silica	100/100	-	0.8	Water/ Methanol	40/60
388	2-Anilinoanthracene		-		-	1.0	Methanol	
389	2-Amino-1-anthranol		-		-	0.9	"	
390	Anthracene-9-aldehyde		-		-	0.5	"	
391	1-Aminophenanthrene		-		-	0.6	"	
392	Phenanthrene-1,2-quinone		-		-	0.8	"	
393	2-Iodophenanthrene		-		-	0.7	"	
394	2-Amino-3- oxyphenanthrenequinone		Colloidal silica	100/500	-	0.8	Water/ Methanol	20/80
395	2,7-Diphenyl[2,3-g]- quinoline		-		-	0.6	Methanol	
396	1,10-Phenanthroline		Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/20	-	0.8	Water/ Methanol	50/50

Table 5 (8) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
385	10 7-13	10	A	A	B	C	D	F(53)		
386	14 11-18	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.5)		
387	14 11-17	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.4)		
388	18 15-22	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)		
389	5 3-7	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
390	11 9-14	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(22)		
391	9 6-12	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
392	12 10-15	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
393	8 5-11	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(21)		
394	11 8-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.7)		
395	15 12-18	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(52)		
396	10 7-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.5)		

Table 5 (9)

able 5 (9)

Coating Solution									
(1) Exp. No.	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Solvent	
	Kind	Mixing ratio						Kind	Mixing ratio
397	1,9-Pyridoindole		-		-		0.4	Methanol	
398	3-Amino-1,5-naphthylidene		-		Poly(N-vinyl-1,2,4-triazole)	100/30	1.0	DMF	
399	Carocyanine		-		-		0.7	Methanol	
400	Phenothiazine		Colloidal silica	100/40	-		0.9	Water/ Methanol	30/70
401	Phthalazine/ Acid Blue 59		-		-		0.5	Methanol	
402	1-Aminophenazine		-		-		0.4	"	
403	2,4,6-Triphenyl-S-triazine		-		Poly(9-vinylanthracene)	100/50	0.6	Methylene chloride	
404	2-Phenylthiophene		-		-		0.9	Methanol	
405	3-Oxythiophanthrene		-		-		0.3	"	
406	Thiaflavone		-		-		0.4	"	
407	2-Aminophenoxanthine		-		-		0.5	"	
408	Tetrahydroberberine		-		-		0.8	"	

Table 5 (9) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
397	13 10-16	15	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)		
398	20 15-25	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.9)		
399	12 11-13	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(55)		
400	10 8-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)		
401	7 5-9	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.8)		
402	19 14-23	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
403	16 13-19	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.3)		
404	14 11-18	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
405	16 13-19	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)		
406	20 16-24	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(16)		
407	6 5-8	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(53)		
408	3 1-12	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(55)		

Table 5 (10)

Coating Solution									
(1) Exp. No.	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Solvent	
	Kind	Mixing ratio						Kind	Mixing ratio
409	Nicotylene	.	-	-	-	-	0.5	Methanol	
410	Azlene		-	-	-	-	0.7	"	
411	Rosarine		-	-	-	-	0.5	"	
412	"						1.5	"	
			Colloidal silica	100/200	Shellac resin				

Table 5 (10) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m^2)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
409	11 9-13	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
410	18 15-21	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
411			A	A	A	B	C	D(20)		
412			A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)		

Notes: (1) * comparative examples

(2) Conjugated π bond compound concentration in coating solution.

(3) Chloride ion concentration in slurry after completion of polymerization

(4) Flow rate of water $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{h}$

Example 6

- As shown in Table 6, for each experiment, a conjugated π bond compound was dissolved or dispersed in a solvent, optionally with the addition of an inorganic compound or a polymeric compound as shown in the same Table to prepare a coating solution. The formulation ratio of the inorganic compound or the polymeric compound and the concentration of the conjugated π bond compound in the coating solution are also shown in Table 6. The coating solution was applied on the polished inner wall surface of a stainless steel polymerizer of an inner volume of 1000 liters and the portions which may contact with monomers such as stirrer, dried at 70°C for 20 minutes and then thoroughly washed with water.
- Next, the thus coated polymerizer was charged with 200 Kg of vinyl chloride monomer, 400 Kg of deionized water, 0.25 Kg of hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose, 0.25 Kg of sorbitane monolaurate and 50 g of α, α' -azobis-2,4-dimethylvaleronitrile, and polymerization was carried out at 57°C for 10 hours. After completion of polymerization, the polymer was taken out and the polymerizer was washed internally with water at a flow rate of $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{hr}$, as shown in Table 6. The above operations from coating and charging to washing with water were conducted for each batch and this was repeated for a maximum of 200 batches.

The chloride ion concentration was controlled and the scaling was evaluated similarly as described in Example 1. The conditions and the results are shown in Table 6.

- In Table 6, the Experiment numbers marked with an asterisk (*) indicate Comparative examples. In particular, Experiment Nos. 413 and 414 are examples

in which the inner wall surface of the polymerizer is
subjected to no treatment with any compound.

Table 6 (1)

Coating Solution									
(1) Exp. No.	Conjugated π bond compound (a) Kind	Mixing ratio	Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Solvent Kind	Mixing ratio
413*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
414*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
415*	1-Bromonaphthalene	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	Methanol	-
416*	1-Naphthalene-2'-indoleindigo	-	Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/30	-	-	0.6	Water/ Methanol	20/80
417*	9,10-Diamino-phenanthrene/Phenothiazine	50/50	Colloidal silica	100/100	-	-	1.2	"	50/50
418*	Dioxycrindone	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	Methanol	-
419*	-	-	Colloidal silica	0/100	-	-	1.0	Water	-
420*	7-Oxy-3,4-benzocoumarine	-	-	-	-	Polytetrahydrofuran	100/50	Benzene	-
421*	-	-	-	-	-	"	0/100	"	-
422*	Indophenine	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	Methanol	-
423*	Nitrophenothiazine	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	"	-
424*	Dianthraquinoneimide	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	"	-

Table 6 (1) (contd)

(1)			(3)	(4)	Scaling					
Exp. No.	Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	Time for washing with water after completion min.			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)					
					Batch No.					
					10	30	50	100	150	200
413*	300 260-300	60			H(1400)					
414*	13 8-17	"			H(1200)					
415*	280 260-330	"			G	H(1000)				
416*	270 250-320	"			C	F	H(900)			
417*	240 220-300	"			C	F	H(850)			
418*	280 260-320	"			G	H(1000)				
419*	230 210-290	"			H(1300)					
420*	290 270-350	"			G	H(900)				
421*	220 200-280	"			H(1350)					
422*	260 240-310	"			G	H(800)				
423*	250 230-280	"			G	H(800)				
424*	300 280-350	"			G	H(850)				

Table 6 (2)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
425*	6-Phenylcoumarine/ Solvent Black 5	20/80	Colloidal silica	100/80	-	0.6
426	N-Naphthylethylene-diamine		-		Polycyclopentaneoxide	100/30
427	1-Bromonaphthalene		-		-	0.5
428	1,1'-Diamino-2,2'-binaphthyl		Colloidal silica	100/50	-	1.0
429	Benzoindanone		-		-	0.6
430	Oxybenzoacridine		-		-	0.7
431	1-Naphthalene-2'-indoleindigo		Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/30	-	0.6
432	α -Naphthoamidoxime		-		-	0.5
433	α -Naphthylglyoxal		-		-	0.5
434	9-Mercaptoanthracene		-		-	0.7
435	9,10-Diamino-phenanthrene/Phenothiazine	50/50	Colloidal silica	100/100	-	1.2
436	2-Aminophenanthrene-quinone		-		Polybutadiene	100/10
						0.5
						50/50
						70/30

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Table 6 (2) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling									
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)									
			Batch No.									
			10	30	50	100	150	200				
425*	290 270-340	60	C	F	H(700)							
426	14 11-18	15	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)				
427	9 6-12	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(60)				
428	11 7-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.5)				
429	8 6-9	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(57)				
430	5 3-7	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)				
431	19 17-21	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.7)				
432	16 14-18	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)				
433	20 18-23	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(59)				
434	8 5-11	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(62)				
435	11 9-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.2)				
436	14 11-17	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(9)				

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Table 6 (3)

(1) Exp. No.		Coating Solution					Solvent	
		Conjugated π bond compound (a) Kind	Mixing ratio	Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
437		Perylene/2,2'- dioxazobenzene	90/10	-	-	-	0.8	Methanol
438		1,2-Benzophenazine		-	-	-	0.4	"
439		2-Iodo-1,4- naphthoquinone		-	-	-	0.5	"
440		Dianthraquinoneimide		-	-	-	0.5	"
441		Quinizarinequinone		Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/10	-	0.5	Water/ Methanol
442		Dioxyacridone		-	-	-	0.6	Methanol
443		3,6-Diaminoscridine		Colloidal silica	100/300	-	0.8	Water/ Methanol
444		4'-Nitroso-2-nitro- diphenylamine		-	-	-	0.7	Methanol
445		4,4'-Dinitro- diphenylamine		-	-	-	0.9	"
446		Dinitrophenylindazole		-	-	-	0.5	"
447		Aminobenzophenone		Colloidal silica	100/100	-	1.0	Water/ Methanol
448		1,3,8-Trinitro- phenoxazine		-	-	-	0.5	Methanol

50/50

Table 6 (3) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m^2)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
437	17 14-19	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)		
438	10 8-12	10	A	A	B	C	D	F(57)		
439	6 5-7	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(61)		
440	11 9-13	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(60)		
441	19 16-22	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.9)		
442	8 5-11	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(58)		
443	17 14-20	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)		
444	9 5-13	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(9)		
445	15 11-18	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(59)		
446	17 14-20	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(55)		
447	11 9-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.5)		
448	14 11-17	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(57)		

Table 6 (4) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling									
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)									
			Batch No.									
			10	30	50	100	150	200				
449	12 9-14	15	A	B	C	D	E	F(59)				
450	17 14-20	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.5)				
451	18 14-21	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(19)				
452	12 10-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.8)				
453	20 18-22	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(60)				
454	16 13-19	"	A	B	C	D	E	F(65)				
455	9 6-12	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(59)				
456	11 8-14	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(55)				
457	19 17-21	10	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.6)				
458	8 5-10	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(60)				
459	6 3-7	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.5)				
460	11 8-13	"	A	B	C	D	E	F(57)				

Table 6 (5)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution							Solvent	
	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Kind	Mixing ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio							
461	1-Aminoisoquinoline		-		-		0.7	Methanol	
462	9-Oxyacridine/ Basic Orange 14				Polyquinoxaline	100/60	1.0	DHF	
463	Nitrophenthiazine		-		-		0.4	Methanol	
464	2-Phenadinol		-		-		0.8	"	
465	2,8-Diaminodibenzo- thiophene		-		-		0.6	"	
466	Cyclo [3,3,3]azine		Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/30	-		0.6	Water/ Methanol	10/90

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Table 6 (5) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling							
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)							
			Batch No.							
			10	30	50	100	150	200		
461	17 14-20	10	A	A	B	C	D	F(56)		
462	19 15-24	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.1)		
463	10 8-13	"	A	B	C	D	E	F(60)		
464	7 5-9	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(62)		
465	6 5-7	"	A	B	C	D	E	F(57)		
466	11 9-13	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(1.3)		

Notes: (1) * comparative examples

(2) Conjugated π bond compound concentration in coating solution.

(3) Chloride ion concentration in slurry after completion of polymerization

(4) Flow rate of water 0.1 m³/m²h

Example 7

As shown in Table 7, for each experiment, a conjugated π bond compound was dissolved or dispersed in a solvent, optionally with the addition of an inorganic compound or a polymeric compound as shown in the same Table to prepare a coating solution. The formulation ratio of the inorganic compound or the polymeric compound and the concentration of the conjugated π bond compound in the coating solution are also shown in Table 7. The coating solution was applied on the polished inner wall surface of a stainless steel polymerizer of an inner volume of 1000 liters and the portions which may contact with monomers such as stirrer, dried at 60°C for 20 minutes and then thoroughly washed with water.

Next, the thus coated polymerizer was charged with 160 Kg of vinyl chloride monomer, 40 Kg of vinyl acetate monomer, 400 Kg of deionized water, 600 g of gelatin, 2 Kg of Triclene and 350 g of lauroyl peroxide, and polymerization was carried out at 70°C for 6 hours. After completion of polymerization, the polymer was taken out and the polymerizer was washed internally with water at a flow rate of $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{hr}$, as shown in Table 7. The above operations from coating and charging to washing with water were conducted for each batch and this was repeated for a maximum of 200 batches.

The chloride ion concentration was controlled and the scaling was evaluated similarly as described in Example 1. The conditions and the results are shown in Table 7.

In Table 7, the Experiment numbers marked with an asterisk (*) indicate Comparative examples. In particular, Experiment Nos. 467 and 468 are examples in which the inner wall surface of the polymerizer was subjected to no treatment with any compound.

Table 7 (1)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio		Polymeric compound (c)
	Kind	Mixing ratio		(a)/(b) weight ratio	(c) conc. %	Solvent Kind
467*	-	-	-	-	-	-
468*	-	-	-	-	-	-
469* 2,2'-Diaminodiphenyl			-	-	0.5	Methanol
470*	"		Colloidal silica	100/100	1.0	"
471*	-		"	0/100	1.0	Water
472* 1-Aminophenanthridine			-	-	50/50	Benzene
473*	-		-	-	0/100	"
474* 2-Chloroquinizarine			-	-	0.5	Methanol
475* Pyrazoleanthrone			-	-	0.8	Ethanol
476* 4,10-Dioxo-1,7-phenanthroline			FeCl ₂	100/2	0.5	Methanol
477* 1,2-Dihydronaphthalene			Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/10	0.5	"
478* 1,6-Dioxo-1,7-phenanthroline			-	-	0.8	"

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Table 7 (1) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling					
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m^2)					
			Batch No.					
			10	30	50	100	150	200
467*	350 320-390	60	H(1100)					
468*	10 7-12	"	H(1000)					
469*	290 270-350	"	G	H(700)				
470*	270 250-320	"	C	F	H(600)			
471*	250 230-310	"	H(900)					
472*	280 260-330	"	C	F	H(500)			
473*	250 230-320	"	H(1000)					
474*	240 220-300	"	G	H(950)				
475*	300 280-350	"	G	H(800)				
476*	310 290-360	"	C	F	H(700)			
477*	240 220-280	"	C	F	H(650)			
478*	260 240-310	"	G	H(850)				

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Table 7 (2)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
479*	1-Amino-5-phenyl- tetrazole		-		-	0.8 Ethanol
480*	Phenazine/ Solvent Black 3	70/30	-		-	-
481	2,2'-Diaminobiphenyl		-		-	0.5 Methanol
482	"		Colloidal silica	100/100	-	1.0 "
483	Roseindole		Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/20	-	0.5 "
484	Indophenine		-		-	0.5 "
485	Chlorophyll b		-		-	0.5 Ethanol
486	Phthalocyanine/2,4- Diiminophenazine	50/50	Orthosillicic acid	100/50	-	0.7 Methanol
487	3,3'-Azopyridine		-		-	0.8 "
488	7,8-Dioxyflavone		-		-	0.5 Ethanol
489	N-Nitroso- α -naphthyl- hydroxylamine		-		-	0.3 Methanol
490	2-Chloroquinizarine		-		-	0.5 "

Table 7 (3)

(1) Exp. No.	Conjugated π bond compound Kind	Coating Solution					Solvent	
		Mixing ratio (a)	Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Mixing ratio
491	2-(o-Aminophenyl)oxazole		Metatetrasilicic acid	100/200	-		1.5	Methanol
492	2-Phenylazothiazole		-		Polyisobutene		1.0	"
493	1-Amino-5-phenyltetrazole		-		-		0.8	Ethanol
494	3,2'-Diindolyl		Colloidal silica	100/20	-		1.0	Methanol
495	1-Aminophenanthridine		-		Polycyclopentadiene	50/50	1.5	Benzene
496	4,10-Dioxy-1,7-phenanthroline		FeCl ₂	100/2	-		0.5	Methanol
497	Phenazine/ Solvent Black 3	70/30	-		-		0.5	"
498	Dibenzosuberol		-		-		0.3	"
499	α -Methoxyphenazine		-		-		0.7	Ethanol
500	2-Phenylbenzothiazole		-		-		0.5	Methanol
501	3-Phenylcoumarone		-		-		0.3	Toluene
502	1,2-Dihydronaphthalene		Fe(OH) ₃ sol	100/10	-		0.5	Methanol

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Table 7 (3) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
491	9 6-11	15	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)	
492	12 9-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.3)	
493	14 11-16	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(58)	
494	15 13-17	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.6)	
495	14 11-16	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(3)	
496	15 12-17	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.4)	
497	17 14-19	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.7)	
498	11 8-13	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(56)	
499	18 16-20	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(21)	
500	14 11-16	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(55)	
501	10 7-12	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(54)	
502	8 5-10	10	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)	

Table 7 (4)

Coating Solution						
(1) Exp. No.	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b)		Polymeric compound (c)
	Kind	Mixing ratio		weight ratio	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %
503	Perimidine/ Phenylrosindorine	20/80	-			0.4
504	10-Benzosazo-9- phenanthrol		HiCl ₂	100/5		0.5
505	4-Nitroso-1- naphthylamine		-			0.7
506	Pyrazoleanthrone		-			0.8
						THF
						Methanol
						"
						Ethanol

Table 7 (4) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Sealing						
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached q/m ²)						
			Batch No.						
			10	30	50	100	150	200	
503	12 9-14	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	
504	9 6-11	"	A	A	A	A	A	B(2.1)	
505	10 7-12	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(9)	
506	15 12-17	"	A	A	B	C	D	F(60)	

Notes: (1) * comparative examples

(2) Conjugated π bond compound concentration in coating solution.

(3) Chloride ion concentration in slurry after completion of polymerization

(4) Flow rate of water 0.1 m³/m²h

Example 8

As shown in Table 8, for each experiment, a conjugated π bond compound was dissolved or dispersed in a solvent, optionally with the addition of an inorganic compound or a polymeric compound as shown in the same Table to prepare a coating solution. The formulation ratio of the inorganic compound or the polymeric compound and the concentration of the conjugated π bond compound in the coating solution are also shown in Table 8. The coating solution was applied on the polished inner wall surface of a stainless steel polymerizer of an inner volume of 1000 liters and the portions which may contact with monomers such as stirrer, dried at 80°C for 10 minutes and then thoroughly washed with water.

Next, the thus coated polymerizer was charged with 200 Kg of vinyl chloride monomer, 400 Kg of deionized water, 40 g of a partially saponified polyvinyl alcohol, 60 g of hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose and 80 g of di-2-ethylhexylperoxycarbonate, and polymerization was carried out at 57°C for 7 hours. After completion of polymerization, the polymer was taken out and the polymerizer was washed internally with water at a flow rate of $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{hr}$, as shown in Table 8. The above operations from coating and charging to washing with water were conducted for each batch and this was repeated for a maximum of 200 batches.

The chloride ion concentration was controlled and the scaling was evaluated similarly as described in Example 1. Also, the numbers of fish eyes in the products obtained from the polymers produced in the 10th, 30th, 50th, 100th, 150th and 200th batches in each experiment were measured similarly as in Example 4. The conditions and the results are shown in Table 8.

In Table 8, the Experiment numbers marked with an asterisk (*) indicate Comparative examples. In particular, Experiment Nos. 507 and 508 are examples in which the inner wall surface of the polymerizer was subjected to no treatment with any compound.

Table 8 (1)

(1) Exp. No.		Coating Solution					Solvent	
		Conjugated π bond compound (a) Mixing ratio	Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio	(2) conc. %	Kind
507*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
508*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
509*	2-Phenyl-3-phenylazaindole	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-
510*	"	-	-	Orthosilicic acid 100/300	-	-	1.0	-
511*	-	-	"	0/100	-	-	0.8	-
512*	9-Acridine/ Acid Black 2	80/20	Colloidal silica	100/100	-	-	1.5	-
513*	2-Phenylthiophene	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-
514*	Alizarine	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-
515	2-Phenyl-3-phenylazaindole	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	Ethanol
516	"	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	"
517	2-Aminophenazine	-	-	Orthosilicic acid 100/300	-	-	0.7	Methanol
518	Alizarine	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	"

Table 8 (1) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	Scaling										Fish eyes (number)					
			Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)															
			Batch No.										Batch No.					
			10	30	50	100	150	200	10	30	50	100	150	200				
507*	290 260-300	60	H(1000)											300				
508*	10 8-12	"	H(950)											280				
509*	280 240-300	"	G	H(900)										110	220			
510*	290 250-310	"	B	C	F	H(950)								20	40	90	130	
511*	15 13-18	"	H(1000)											290				
512*	270 230-290	"	B	C	F	H(500)								18	35	80	100	
513*	250 230-280	"	G	H(950)										100	200			
514*	310 280-350	"	G	H(900)										90	210			
515	13 10-15	10	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)						0	0	2	9 23 37	
516	12 9-15	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.3)						0	0	0	2 6	
517	15 13-18	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(18)						0	0	6	11 20 35	
518	17 15-20	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(21)						0	0	3	10 30 41	

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Table 8 (2)

(1) Exp. No.	Coating Solution					
	Conjugated π bond compound (a)		Inorganic compound (b)	(a)/(b) weight ratio	Polymeric compound (c)	(a)/(c) weight ratio
	Kind	Mixing ratio				
519	1-Aminophenanthridine		$\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$ sol	100/10	-	0.5 Methanol
520	10-Benzo-9-phenanthrol		-		-	0.6 "
521	9-Acrydine/Acid Black 2	80/20	Colloidal silica	100/100	-	0.8 "
522	Dinitrophenylindazole		-		-	0.5 Benzene
523	4-Pyridyl-m-phenylenediamine		-		-	0.7 Ethanol
524	2-Phenylthiophene		-		Polycyclohexaneoxide	1.5 Toluene
525	α -Nitroso- β -naphthol		FeCl_2	100/5	-	0.7 Methanol

Table 8 (2) (contd)

(1) Exp. No.	(3) Cl ⁻ conc. upper: average lower: max.-min. ppm	(4) Time for washing with water after completion min.	(5) Sealing Visual evaluation (Amount attached g/m ²)										(6) Fish eyes (number)				
			Batch No.										Batch No.				
			10	30	50	100	150	200	10	30	50	100	150	200			
519	11 8-14	10	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.5)	0	0	0	0	3	8			
520	9 7-12	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	0	0	5	9	28	42			
521	12 10-14	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.6)	0	0	0	0	1	5			
522	7 5-10	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(20)	0	0	2	7	25	40			
523	14 12-16	"	A	A	A	B	C	D(17)	0	0	1	8	20	30			
524	16 14-19	"	A	A	A	A	B	C(10)	0	0	0	2	7	15			
525	12 10-15	"	A	A	A	A	A	A(0.8)	0	0	0	0	4	9			

(1) * comparative examples

(2) Conjugated π bond compound concentration in coating solution.

(3) Chloride ion concentration in slurry after completion of polymerization

(4) Flow rate of water $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{h}$

Claims:

1. A process for production of a vinyl chloride polymer by suspension polymerization or emulsion polymerization of vinyl chloride monomer or a mixture of vinyl chloride monomer with a vinyl monomer copolymerizable with said vinyl chloride monomer in an aqueous medium, characterized in that the polymerization is carried out in a polymerizer, the inner wall surface and portions of the auxiliary equipment thereof which may come into contact with the monomer during polymerization being previously coated with a scaling preventive comprising at least one selected from dyes, pigments and aromatic or heterocyclic compounds having at least 5 conjugated π bonds, while controlling the chloride ion concentration in the reaction mixture to not higher than 100 ppm.
2. A process according to Claim 1, wherein said scaling preventive contains at least one of dyes and pigments.
3. A process according to Claim 2, wherein said scaling preventive comprises at least one selected from azo dyes and pigments, anthraquinone dyes and pigments, indigoid dyes and pigments, phthalocyanine dyes and pigments, carbonium dyes and pigments, quinoneimine dyes, methine dyes, quinoline dyes, nitro dyes, benzoquinone and naphthoquinone dyes, naphthalimide dyes and pigments, perinone dyes, sulfide dyes, fluorescent dyes, azoic dyes and reactive dyes.
4. A process according to Claim 3, wherein said scaling preventive comprises an azine dye.
5. A process according to Claim 1, wherein said scaling preventive comprises an aromatic or heterocyclic compound having at least 5 conjugated π bonds.

6. A process according to Claim 5, wherein the aromatic or heterocyclic compound having at least 5 conjugated π bonds is one having at least one amino group.
7. A process according to Claim 6, the compound having
5 at least one amino group is selected from amino-naphthalenes such as diaminonaphthalenes, triamino-naphthalenes and tetraaminonaphthalenes, 1,4-diamino-anthracens, 9,10-diaminophenanthrene, 2,2'-diamino-diphenyl, 1,1'-diamino-2,2'-dinaphthyl, 2-amino-5-phenyl
10 oxazole, 1-aminophenanthridine, 2-amino-4-phenylthiazole, 2-amino-5-phenylthiazole, 3-amino-1,5-naphtyl, 1-amino-phenanthridine, aminoacridines such as 4-aminoacridine, 2-aminoacridine, 1-aminoacridine and 3,6-diaminoacridine, and aminophenazines such as 1-aminophenazine, 2-amino-
15 phenazine and 2,3-diaminophenazine.
8. A process according to Claim 1, wherein said scaling preventive further comprises an inorganic compound.
9. A process according to Claim 8, wherein said inorganic compound is selected from silicic acids,
20 silicates; salts of alkaline earth metals, zinc family metals, aluminum family metals, tin family metals, iron family metals, chromium family metals, manganese family metals, copper family metals and platinum family metals; and inorganic colloids.
- 25 10. A process according to Claim 9, wherein said inorganic compound is a silicate, silicic acid colloid or ferric hydroxide colloid.
11. A process according to Claim 8, wherein said scaling preventive contains at least one of dyes and pigments.

12. A process according to Claim 8, wherein said scaling preventive comprises at least one selected from azo dyes and pigments, anthraquinone dyes and pigments, indigo dyes and pigments, phthalocyanine dyes and pigments, carbonium dyes and pigments, quinoneimine dyes, methine dyes, quinoline dyes, nitro dyes, benzoquinone and naphthoquinone dyes, naphthalimide dyes and pigments, perinone dyes, sulfide dyes, fluorescent dyes, azoic dyes and reactive dyes.
- 10 13. A process according to Claim 12, wherein said scaling preventive comprises an azine dye.
14. A process according to Claim 8, wherein said scaling preventive comprises an aromatic or heterocyclic compound having at least 5 conjugated π bonds.
- 15 15. A process according to Claim 14, wherein the aromatic or heterocyclic compound having at least 5 conjugated π bonds is one having at least one amino group.
16. A process according to Claim 15, the compound having at least one amino group is selected from amino-naphthalenes such as diaminonaphthalenes, triamino-naphthalenes and tetraaminonaphthalenes, 1,4-diamino-anthracens, 9,10-diaminophenanthrene, 2,2'-diamino-diphenyl, 1,1'-diamino-2,2'-dinaphthyl, 2-amino-5-phenyl oxazole, 1-aminophenanthridine, 2-amino-4-phenylthiazole, 2-amino-5-phenylthiazole, 3-amino-1,5-naphthyl, 1-amino-phenanthridine, aminoacridines such as 4-aminoacridine, 2-aminoacridine, 1-aminoacridine and 3,6-diaminoacridine, and aminophenazines such as 1-aminophenazine, 2-amino-phenazine and 2,3-diaminophenazine.

17. A process according to Claim 1, wherein a fixing agent is used for enhancement of the fixing characteristic of said scaling preventive.

18. A process according to Claim 17, wherein said fixing agent is at least one selected from olefin polymers,
5 diene polymers, acetylene polymers, aliphatic vinyl or vinylidene polymers, aromatic vinyl polymers, heterocyclic vinyl polymers, acrylic or methacrylic polymers, polyethers, polysulfides, polysulfones, addition polymers, polyesters, polyamides, polyureas,
10 polyurethanes, linear condensed polymers, heterocyclic condensed polymers, natural polymers, modified natural polymers, polysiloxanes, organic metal polymers and inorganic polymers.

19. A process according to Claim 1, wherein the portions
15 of recovery system of unreacted monomers where scales may be stuck are further previously coated with the scaling preventive.

20. A process according to Claim 1, wherein the inner wall surface and the portions of the auxiliary equipment
20 of polymerizer which may come into contact with the monomer have a surface roughness of 10 μm or less.